Images of Christ In Genesis

Ernesto E. Carrasco, M.C.Ed

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Course Content

Lesson 1: Introduction

An overview of how Christ is seen in the Old Testament to provide a platform for seeking Christ in the first book of the Bible, Genesis.

Lesson 2: Christ - Creator (Genesis 1:1)

Genesis reveals Christ as Creator

Lesson 3: Christ - the Tree of Life (Genesis 2:9, 16-17)

There was a Tree of Life in the Garden of Eden and Christ is our "Tree of Life"

Lesson 4: Christ and the Church (Genesis 2:18, 21-25)

The creation of man and woman set the pattern for Christ and His Church

Lesson 5: Christ – God's First Atonement for Sin (Genesis 3:21)

Christ covered the cost of our sins on Calvary, but the pattern was set in the Garden of Eden

Lesson 6: Christ and the Mark of Cain (Genesis 4:15)

Christ is merciful to undeserving sinners

Lesson 7: Christ in the Ark of Noah (Genesis 6:13-16; 7:16) The Ark of Noah is a "type" of Christ

Lesson 8: Christ in the Life of Abraham Christ said that Abraham was "glad to see His day"

Lesson 9: Christ and Melchizedek - King-Priest (Genesis 14:17-20)

Who was Melchizedek anyway?

Lesson 10: Christ in the Sacrifice and Bride of Isaac (Genesis 22; 24)

Abraham sacrifices Isaac and later gets a bride for him, much like God sacrificed Christ and provided a Bride – the Church – for Him

Lesson 11: Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Christ works in the lives of Isaac and Jacob as He did in the life of Abraham

Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph (Genesis 37, 39-50) & The Scepter Assigned to Judah (Genesis 49:8-11)

The life of Joseph is a remarkable parallel to the life of Christ & The promise of Christ (Messiah) closes the book of Genesis

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I. Introduction

- A. All of Scripture revolves around the central figure of Christ
- B. Old Testament points to the coming Messiah
- C. The Mosaic Law demonstrated the perfect righteousness of Christ
- D. The continual sacrificial system to atone for the sins of man foreshadowed Christ's death on the cross
- E. Christ in the Feasts of the LORD
- F. Christ in the Psalms
- G. Christ in the Prophets

II. Christ – Creator (Genesis 1:1)

- A. Elohim –plural singularity
- B. The Word, from the beginning, God (John 1:1)
- C. All things were created for Him and by Him (John 1:3; Colossians 1:16-17)
 - 1. Created by God (the Father) through Jesus Christ (Ephesians 3:9)
 - 2. Creation attributed to the "one [who] sat on the throne" (Revelation 4:11)
 - 3. Not to discount the Third Person, the Holy Spirit (Genesis 1:2)

III. Christ – the Tree of Life (Genesis 2:9,16-17)

- A. Proverbs 3:18 Wisdom (Jn 1:1 logos) is a tree of life
- B. Proverbs 11:30 Righteousness (Jeremiah 23:6; 51:10) is a tree of life
- C. Proverbs 13:12 Desired Hope (Haggai 2:7) is a tree of life
- Proverbs 15:4 A wholesome tongue (John 12:50; Duet 8:3; Prov 14:15; 30:5; Matt 4:4; Lk 4:4) is a tree of life
- E. John 15:5 Jesus the vine (tree) without whom the branches cannot survive
- F. The cross a tree of life: Deut 21:22; Acts 5:30; Acts 10:39; Gal 3:13
- G. Colossians 3:4 Christ, who is our life

IV. Christ and the Church (Genesis 2:18, 21-25)

- A. Adam = Jesus
- B. Eve = the Church
- C. Adam gives his life for his bride
- D. Jesus gives his life for the church
- E. Ephesians 5:23-33
- V. Christ God's First Atonement for Sin (Genesis 3:21)
 - A. Initiated by God God sought them out (Gen 3:9; Lk 19:10)
 - B. The couple did not seek God; they hid (Gen 3:8; Rom 3:11)
 - C. God gave opportunity for confession (Gen 3:9,11; 1 Jn 1:9)

- D. Instead of confessing their sin, the couple tried to excuse their sin (Gen 3:12,13)
- E. Their sin brought judgment upon all mankind and upon all of creation (Rom 6:23; 8:22)
- F. God provided the promise of a future solution (Gen 3:14-15) ...
- G. ... and a temporary solution (Gen 3:21; Lev 17:11; Heb 9:12)
- H. Christ in this passage:
 - 1. He walks through the garden (v. 8)
 - 2. They carry on a "normal" conversation (vv. 9-13)
 - 3. God pronounces judgment (vv. 16-19; Jn 9:39; 2 Cor 5:10)
 - 4. He performs the sacrifice (v. 21)
 - 5. He acts as high priest (Heb 2:17)

VI. Christ and the Mark of Cain (Genesis 4:15)

- A. "Mark" Hebrew owth
- B. a signal as a flag, beacon, monument, omen, prodigy, evidence
- C. The mark was God's protection
- D. Shows God's mercy on an undeserving sinner (Rom 5:8; 2 Tim 2:18; 2 Cor 1:21-22)

VII. Christ in the Ark of Noah (Genesis 6:13-16; 7:16)

- A. Ark and Cross both made of wood
- B. Pitch covered the Ark; Jesus' Blood covered our sin
- C. Ark was large enough to save many; Jesus' sacrifice is sufficient for all
 - 1. Genesis 6:15
 - 2. John 3:16
 - 3. Revelation 3:20
- D. The Ark had only one door; Jesus is the only way to salvation
 - 1. Genesis 6:16
 - 2. John 10:7-6
 - 3. John 14:6
- E. The Ark safely carried its passengers to their destination just as Christ will take us to our final destination
 - 1. Genesis 8:14,18-19
 - 2. John 14:3

VIII. Christ in the Life of Abraham

- A. The Promise of an heir (Genesis 12:3)
- B. A Personal Visit (Genesis 12:7)
- C. Christ and Melchizedek King-Priest (Genesis 14:17-20; Psalm 110:4; Hebrews 5:5-10)
- D. Christ The "Angel of the LORD" (Genesis 16:6-13; 21:9-21)
- E. Christ Visits Abraham (Genesis 18)
- F. Christ In Abraham's Sacrifice of Isaac (Genesis 22)
- G. The Bride of Isaac (Genesis 24)

IX. Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

- A. The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac (Genesis 26)
 - 1. First Time: Genesis 26:2
 - 2. Second Time: Genesis 26:24
 - 3. Isaac Blesses Jacob (Genesis 27:28-29)

- B. Christ as Jacob's Ladder (Genesis 28:10-17)
 - 1. Ladder between heaven and earth (v. 12)
 - 2. "angels of God" vs. "angel of the LORD" (v. 12)
 - 3. "the [visible] LORD stood above it" (v. 13)
 - 4. Covenant reestablished w/Jacob (vv. 13-15)
 - 5. Jacob's Pillow (Genesis 28:11, 18-22)
 - a. Anointed Jesus the anointed one (v. 18)
 - b. Bethel -- The dwelling place of God -- Jesus Emmanuel (vv.19-22)
- C. Christ as the "Angel of the Lord" Wrestles With Jacob (Genesis 32:24-30)

X. Christ in the Life of Joseph (Genesis 37, 39-50)

- A. Miraculous birth (Genesis 30:22-24; Matthew 1:18)
- B. Left the comfort of his father's home in obedience to his father's will (Genesis 37:14; Philippians 2:5-8)
- C. Rejected by his own brothers (Genesis 37:4; Matthew 26:3-4; John 1:11)
- D. Sold for the going price of a slave (20 pieces of silver in Joseph's case; 30 pieces in Jesus' case Genesis 37:28; Zechariah 11:12-13; Matthew 26:15)
- E. Cast into a pit (grave) and raised up again (Genesis 37:22; Matthew 27:58-60)
- F. Tempted to sin (Genesis 39:7; Matthew 4:1)
- G. Had no sin attributed to him (Hebrews 4:15)
- H. Was numbered with the transgressors (Genesis 39:20; Isaiah 53:12; Mark 15:27-28)
- Rejected by his brethren but accepted by Gentiles (Genesis 41:38-45; John 1:12; 4:39-42)
- J. Became ruler over Egypt, second only to Pharaoh (Jeremiah 23:5; Zechariah 12:10; Micah 4:7; Revelation 11:15; 22:5)
- K. Forgave his brothers (Genesis 50:20; Luke 23:34)
- L. Saved his family (Genesis 50:20; John 1:12)
- M. Brought his family to a better place (Genesis 47:6; John 14:2-3)

XI. The Scepter Assigned to Judah (Genesis 49:8-11)

- A. "thy father's children shall bow down before thee" (v. 8)
- B. "the scepter shall not depart from Judah" (v. 10)
- C. "unto [Shiloh] shall the gathering of the people be" (v. 10)
- D. "he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes" (v. 11; Revelation 19:13)





Preliminaries

- The whole of Scripture, from the miraculous account of creation to the culminating promise of re-creation, revolves around the central figure of Jesus Christ. From the fall of man to Israel's return from Babylonian exile, the Old Testament has pointed to the coming of Messiah.
- The Holy Spirit illustrated Scripture with abundant images of the coming Lord

Preliminaries

The Mosaic Law demonstrated the perfect righteousness of Christ

- The Ten commandments (Exodus 20:3-17; Deuteronomy 5:6-21)
- Holiness Code (Leviticus 17-26)
- Impossible to keep: "For whosoever shall keep the whole law, and yet offend in one point, he is guilty of all" (James 230)

Preliminaries

Sacrificial System to atone for the sins

- Codified at Passover (Exodus 12.1-28) "It is the sacrifice of the LORD'S passover, who passed over the houses of the children of Israel in Egypt ..." (Exodus 12.27)
- Clarified in Levitical Law: "For the life of the flesh is in the blood: and I have given it to you upon the altar to make an atonement for your souls: for it is the blood that maketh an atonement for the soul." (Lev17:II)

Preliminaries

Sacrificial System to atone for the sins

- Innocent sacrifice: "... In the tenth day of this month they shall take to them every man a lamb ..." (Exodus 12:3)
- Flawless sacrifice: "Your lamb shall be without blemish ..." (Leviticus 17:11)
- Jesus "Who is the image of the invisible God, the firstborn of every creature" (Colossians 138)
- We are bought "with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without blemish and without spot: (1 Peter 1:19)

Preliminaries

The Feasts of the LORD

- Passover Jesus the Passover Lamb
- Unleavened Bread Jesus the sinless "Bread of Life"
- First Fruits Jesus the "First Fruits" of the resurrection
- Pentecost the birth of the Church, the harvest
 of believers, the indwelling of the Holy Spirit –
 "God with us"

Preliminaries

The Feasts of the LORD

- Feast of Trumpets Jesus calls for His Bride
- Day of Atonement The Bride enters the presence of God covered by the Blood of the Lamb
- Feast of Tabernacles Dwelling in the presence of God

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies

(Judges 2:1-4) And an angel of the LORD came up from Gilgal to Bochim, and said, I made you to go up out of Egypt, and have brought you unto the land which I sware unto your fathers; and I said, I will never break my covenant with you. And ye shall make no league with the inhabitants of this land; ye shall throw down their altars: but ye have not obeyed my voice: why have ye done this?

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies

Wherefore I also said, I will not drive them out from before you; but they shall be as thorns in your sides, and their gods shall be a snare unto you. And it came to pass, when the angel of the LORD spake these words unto all the children of Israel, that the people lifted up their voice, and wept. (Judges 2:1-4)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6:11-24)

And there came an angel of the LORD, and sat under an oak which was in Ophrah, that pertained unto Joash the Abiezrite: and his son Gideon threshed wheat by the winepress, to hide it from the Midianites. And the angel of the LORD appeared unto him, and said unto him, The LORD is with thee, thou mighty man of valour.

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6::1-24)

And Gideon said unto him, Oh my Lord, if the LORD be with us, why then is all this befallen us? ... but now the LORD hath forsaken us, and delivered us into the hands of the Midianites. And the LORD looked upon him, and said, Go in this thy might, and thou shalt save Israel from the hand of the Midianites: have not I sent thee?

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6:11-24)

And he [Gideon] said unto him, Oh my Lord, wherewith shall I save Israel? ... And the LORD said unto him, Surely I will be with thee, and thou shalt smite the Midianites as one man. And he [Gideon] said unto him, If now I have found grace in thy sight, then shew me a sign that thou talkest with me.

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6:11-24)

Depart not hence, I pray thee, until I come unto thee, and bring forth my present, and set it before thee. And he [AOTL] said, I will tarry until thou come again. And Gideon went in, and made ready <u>a kid</u>, and <u>unleavened cakes</u> of an <u>ephah of</u> <u>flour</u>: the flesh he put in a basket, and he put the broth in a pot, and brought it out unto him under the oak, and presented it.

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6:11-24)

And the angel of God said ... Take the flesh and the unleavened cakes, and <u>lay them upon this</u> <u>rock</u>, and pour out the broth. ... Then the angel of the LORD put forth the end of the staff that was in his hand, and touched the [offering]; and there rose up fire out of the rock, and consumed the flesh and the unleavened cakes. Then the angel of the LORD departed out of his sight.

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Gideon... (Judges 6::1-24)

And when Gideon perceived that he was an angel of the LORD, Gideon said, Alas, O Lord GOD! for because I have seen an angel of the LORD face to face. And the LORD said unto him, <u>Peace</u> be unto thee; fear not: thou shalt not die. Then Gideon built an altar there unto the LORD, and called it <u>Jehovahshalom</u>: ...

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

And the angel of the LORD appeared unto the woman [Manoah's wife], and said unto her, Behold now, thou art barren, and bearest not: but thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. (v.3)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

Then Manoah intreated the LORD, and said, O my Lord, let the man of God which thou didst send come again unto us, and teach us what we shall do unto the child that shall be born. And God hearkened to the voice of Manoah; and the angel of God came again unto the woman as she sat in the field ... (vv. 8-9)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

And Manoah said unto the angel of the LORD, I pray thee, let us detain thee, until we shall have made ready <u>a kid for thee</u>. And the angel of the LORD said unto Manoah, Though thou detain me, I will not eat of thy bread: and if thou wilt offer a burnt offering, thou must offer it unto the LORD. (vv. 15-16)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

And Manoah said unto the angel of the LORD, <u>What is thy name</u>, that when thy sayings come to pass we may do thee honour? And the angel of the LORD said unto him, Why askest thou thus after my name, seeing it is secret? (vv. 17-18)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

So Manoah took a kid with a meat offering, and offered it upon a rock unto the LORD: and the angel did wondrously; and Manoah and his wife looked on. For it came to pass, when the flame went up toward heaven from off the altar, that the angel of the LORD ascended in the flame of the altar. And Manoah and his wife looked on it, and fell on their faces to the ground. (WV. 19-20)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To Samson's Parents... (Judges 13:1-24)

But the angel of the LORD did no more appear to Manoah and to his wife. <u>Then Manoah knew</u> that he was an angel of the LORD. And Manoah said unto his wife, <u>We shall surely die</u>, because we have seen God. (vy. 21-22)

Preliminaries

Personal Appearances, i.e. Theophanies To David... (2 Samuel 24:10-17)

... And the angel of the LORD was by the threshingplace of Araunah the Jebusite. And David spake unto the LORD when he saw the angel that smote the people, and said, Lo, I have sinned, and I have done wickedly: but these sheep, what have they done? let thine hand, I pray thee, be against me, and against my father's house. (vv. 16-17)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

I will declare the decree: the LORD hath said unto me, Thou art my Son; this day have I begotten thee. (Psalm 2:7)

For unto which of the angels said he at any time, Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee? And again, I will be to him a Father, and he shall be to me a Son? (Hebrews 1:5)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

What is man, that thou art mindful of him? and the son of man, that thou visitest him? For thou hast made him a little lower than the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and honour. Thou madest him to have dominion over the works of thy hands; thou hast put all things under his feet: (Psalm 8:4-6; Hebrews 2:6-11)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

For thou wilt not leave my soul in hell; neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see corruption. (Psalm 16:10)

For David speaketh concerning him ... thou wilt not leave my soul in hell, neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see corruption. (Acts 2:25-27; See also Acts 13:35)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me? why art thou so far from helping me, and from the words of my roaring?(Psalm 22.1; Matthew 27:46) All they that see me laugh me to scorn: they shoot out the lip, they shake the head, saying, He trusted on the LORD that he would deliver him: let him deliver him, seeing he delighted in him. (Psalm 22:7-8; Matthew 27:39; Luke 23:35)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

My strength is dried up like a potsherd; and my tongue cleaveth to my jaws; and thou hast brought me into the dust of death. For dogs have compassed me: the assembly of the wicked have inclosed me: they pierced my hands and my feet. (Psalm 22:15-16; John 19:28; 20:27)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

They part my garments among them, and cast lots upon my vesture. (Psalm 22:18)

And they crucified him, and parted his garments, casting lots: that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by the prophet, They parted my garments among them, and upon my vesture did they cast lots. (Matthew 27:35: See also John 19:23-24)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

He keepeth all his bones: not one of them is broken. (Psalm 34:20)

Then came the soldiers, and brake the legs of the first, and of the other which was crucified with him. But when they came to Jesus, and saw that he was dead already, they brake not his legs: (John ^{19:32-33)}

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

Yea, mine own familiar friend, in whom I trusted, which did eat of my bread, hath lifted up his heel against me. (Psalm 41:9) But Jesus said unto him, Judas, betrayest thou the Son of man with a kiss? (Luke 22:48)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

They gave me also gall for my meat; and in my thirst they gave me vinegar to drink. (Psalm 69:21) And straight way one of them ran, and took a spunge, and filled it with vinegar, and put it on a reed, and gave him to drink. (Matthew 27:48)

Preliminaries

Christ in the Psalms ...

Messianic Psalms: Psalm 22

Psalm 69 Psalm 110

Preliminaries

Christ in the Prophets ...

- Born of a virgin Isaiah 7:14
- Called Immanuel Isaiah 7:14
- Heir to David's throne Isaiah 9:7
- Massacre of children Jeremiah 31:15
- A messenger would prepare the way Isaiah 40:3-5; Malachi 4:5-6

Preliminaries

Christ in the Prophets ...

- Born in Bethlehem Malachi 5:2
- Would come out of Egypt Hosea 11:1
- Would be rejected by His own Isaiah 53:3
- Would bring light to Galilee Isaiah 9:1-2 Would speak in parables - Isaiah 6:9-10 Many others ...

Preliminaries

Quick Review ...

- The Mosaic Law reflects Christ's perfect righteousness The Sacrificial Systems foreshadows His sacrifice on the cross
- The Feasts of the LORD all present an image of Christ
- The Psalms speak of Christ
- The prophets foretold His coming

















Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin







him should kill him. (Gen 4:15)



Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. (Gen 6:14)























But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. (Gen 50:20)







Preliminaries

- The Old Testament point to the coming Messiah
- The Mosaic Law demonstrates the perfect righteousness of Christ

Preliminaries

- The continual sacrificial system to atone for the sins of man foreshadowed Christ's death on the cross
- Christ in the Feasts of the LORD
- Christ in the Psalms
- Christ in the Prophets



Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

Sets the foundation for all of Scripture

The Creator of time must transcend time

He must exist before time to start time

He must simultaneously exist outside and inside of time to influence time

Christ - Creator

Of old hast thou laid the foundation of the earth: and the heavens are the work of thy

earth: and the neavene at hands. They shall perish, but thou shalt endure: yea, all of them shall wax old like a garment; as a vesture shalt thou change them, and they shall be changed: But thou art the same, and thy years shall have no end. (Psalm 102:25-27)

Christ - Creator

But, beloved, be not ignorant of this one thing, that one day is with the Lord <u>as</u> [like] a thousand years, and a thousand years <u>as</u> [like] one day.

Christ - Creator

When they therefore were come together, they asked of him, saying, Lord, wilt thou at this time restore again the kingdom to Israel? And he said unto them, It is not for you to know the times or the seasons, which <u>the Father hath put</u> in his own power. (Acts 1:6-7)

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

- B^ªree'shiyt bara' 'Elohiym
- B°ree'shiyt In [the] beginning
- bara' created 'Elohiym God

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 13). In Hebrew, the subject and the verb must agree in gender and in number

"Bara'" (created) is a masculine, singular verb "Elohiym" (God) is a masculine, plural noun

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1). Resolving the apparent grammatical error: "Elohiym" reveals the triune nature of God He is a "unified plurality" or a "tri-unity"

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

One God manifested in Three Persons Father, Son, and Holy Spirit This is further manifested in His creation: The universe: time, space, matter/energy

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

Time: past, present, future Space: height, width, depth Matter/energy: person, place, thing

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

... And the Spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters. (Gen 12) The Bible teaches that all three persons of the Trinity were involved in creation But Jesus Christ is the agent through which creation was accomplished

Christ - Creator

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth (Gen 1:1).

Septuagint (LXX) Translation of the Hebrew

en archê "in [the] beginning" John uses the exact Greek phrase in John 1:1



Christ - Creator

In the beginning was the Word (John 1:1).

archê "beginning"

- The period of time before creation The realm of eternity past The Word was active *in* and the cause *of* the beginning

Christ - Creator

In the beginning was the Word (John 1:1).

The Word was before all else He was the basic cause of all else There never was a time when the Word was not

Christ - Creator

In the beginning was the Word (John 1:1).

The Word – <u>hô Logos</u> The divine Revealer of God's wisdom and power

The unique communication of God to man (John 1:18)

Christ - Creator

and the Word was God (John 1:1).

Lit. "God was the Word"

Christ – the Word – was before creation And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of grace and truth. (John 1:14)



Christ - Creator

All things were made by him (John 1:3).

- "All" (Greek *panta*) excludes nothing "God created the heaven and the earth"
- The whole of creation is included in the opening verse of the Bible
- "without him was not any thing made that was made." (John 1:3)

Christ - Creator

All things were made by him (John 1:3).

- "by" (Greek *dia*) prep. denoting the channel of an act
- In some modern translations: "through"
- The difference, though subtle, is
- significant
- "by" is active; "through" is passive

Christ - Creator

All things were made by him (John 1:3).

- It is clear from Genesis 1:1 that *Elohim* created The Word is included in the *Elohim* as is the Father and the Holy Spirit. All three Persons were involved in creation.

Christ - Creator

All things were made by him (John 1:3).

The Holy Spirit was energizing what had been created up to that point. (Gen 1:2)

The Father's part was to superintend the whole of creation.

But Christ is the agent by which creation came into being.

Christ - Creator

All things were made by him (John 1:3).

And to make all men see what is the fellowship of the mystery, which from the beginning of the world hath been hid in God [the Father], who created all things by

Thou art worthy, O Lord, to receive glory and honour and power: for thou hast created all things, and for thy pleasure they are and were created. (Rev 4:11)



Christ - Creator

For by him were all things created (Colossians 1:16).

- Who is the image of the invisible God, the firstborn of every creature (Col 1:15)
- Greek *eikon* (English "icon") "a likeness, i.e. (literally) statue, profile or (figuratively) representation, resemblance"

Christ - Creator

- No man hath seen God at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him. (John 1:18)
- Greek exegeomai (English "exegete") "to consider out (aloud), i.e. rehearse, unfold"
- Alt: explained, made known, revealed

Christ - Creator

For by him were all things created (Colossians 1:16).

- "by Him"

- Greek en (English "in") Lit: "in Him were all things created" "In His mind or in His sphere of influence and responsibility" (Melick, 217)

Christ - Creator

all things were created by him, and for him (Colossians 1:16).

all things created, <u>that are in heaven</u>, and <u>that</u> are in earth, <u>visible</u> and <u>invisible</u>, whether they be <u>thrones</u>, or <u>dominions</u>, or <u>principalities</u>, or <u>powers</u> (v. 16b) The cosmos, all matter whether great or small

The spiritual realm – angelic and demonic

Christ - Creator

all things were created by him, and for him

"by" this time is the Greek dia

- "Creation came to be through His power and ability
- He is the effective agent of creation." (Melick, 218)

Christ - Creator

all things were created by him, and for him (Colossians 1:16).

"for" Greek *eis*, also translated "unto" all things were created *unto* Him All of creation is to the glory of Christ
Lesson 2: Christ - Creator

Christ - Creator

And he is before all things, and by him all things consist. (Colossians 1:17).

- Before time; before heaven and earth; Before the visible and invisible;
- Before thrones, or dominions, or principalities, or powers Christ is before ALL things He is eternal

Christ - Creator

And he is before all things, and by him all things consist. (Colossians 1:17).

"consist" Greek *sunistao* "to set together, hold together, constitute" All things are "held together" by Him.



Lesson 2: Christ - Creator

Christ - Creator

So God created man in his own image. (Genesis 1:27).

- The uni-plural Elohim consults within the Godhead ...
- "Let us make man in our image, after our
- **likeness**" (Genesis 1:26) "He was not speaking to the angels, because man was not going to be made in the likeness of angels, but in the likeness of God" (Morris, 72)

Christ - Creator

- Man, like God, is "triune" in nature
- Man has a mind, soul/spirit, and body
- The mind controls all of man's activities as
- The Father directs the activities of the Godhead

Christ - Creator

So God created man in his own image. (Genesis 1:27).

- The soul/spirit is the motivating agent as The Holy Spirit moves in and energizes God's creation
- The body carries out the will of the mind as
- The Son carries out the will of the Father

Christ - Creator

So God created man in his own image. (Genesis 1:27).

"There is something about the human body ... which is uniquely appropriate to God's manifestation of Himself, and ... He must have designed man's body with this in mind ... He knew ... that in the fullness of time even He would become a man.

Christ - Creator

So God created man in his own image. (Genesis 1:27).

"In that day, He would prepare a human body for His Son, and it would be 'made in the likeness of men' (Philippians 2:7), just as man had been made in the likeness of God." (Morris, 74)











What was the purpose for the Tree of Life?

The existence of the tree of life in the garden indicates that man was not created with life in its fullest realization. He was created as an immortal candidate for eternal life, but the conferment of this life depended entirely on his reaction to the divine prohibition not to eat of the tree of knowledge of good and evil. ...

What was the purpose for the Tree of Life?

Genesis 3 shows that he did not overcome the satanic temptation to eat of this tree, so he was automatically barred from the tree of life (3:22-24). One can only assume that had he obeyed God fully, he would have eaten of the tree of life and immediately received the life of the highest order represented by the tree.*

Christ – the Tree of Life

What was the purpose for the Tree of Life?

The tree of life is that which ostensibly provided sustenance for continued existence. It was this tree that was to be guarded after the Fall to keep man from taking its fruit and living 'forever' (3:22). – David M. Fouts*

Christ – the Tree of Life

What was the purpose for the Tree of Life?

[God] gave the tree of life its name, not because it could confer on man that life with which he had been previously endued, but in order that it might be a symbol and memorial of the life which he had received from God. For we know it to be by no means unusual that God should give to us the attestation of his grace by external symbols. He does not indeed transfer his power into outward signs ...

What was the purpose for the Tree of Life?

... but by them [external Symbols] he stretches out his hand to us, because, without assistance, we cannot ascend to him. He intended, therefore, that man, as often as he tasted the fruit of that tree, should remember whence he received his life, in order that he might acknowledge that he lives not by his own power, but by the kindness of God alone; and that life is not (as they commonly speak) an intrinsic good, but proceeds from God.*

Christ – the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...

- God created man to live forever...
- So God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him; male and female created he them. (Genesis 1:27)
- Death does not reflect the image of God In him [the Word] was life; and the life was the light of men. (John:4)

Christ – the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...

God created man to live forever ...

And the LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living <u>soul</u>. (Genesis 2:7)

And the LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the <u>breath</u> of life; and man became a living <u>soul</u>. (Genesis 27) **Breath** - n²shâmâh - a puff, that is, wind, angry or vital breath, divine inspiration, intellect, inspiration, evel or is is the source of the source of

soul, spirit

Come now, and let us <u>reason</u> together, saith the LORD: though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool. (Isaiah:::8)

oul - *nephesh* - properly a breathing creature

Christ – the Tree of Life

And they went in unto Noah into the ark, two and two of all flesh, wherein is the <u>breath</u> of life. (Genesis

Breath - rûach - wind; by resemblance breath, that is, a sensible (or even violent) exhalation; figuratively life, anger; by resemblance spirit, but only of a rational being

Christ - the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...

God created man to live forever

And God saw every thing that he had made, and, behold, it was very good. And the evening and the morning were the sixth day. (Genesis 1:31)

- ... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...
- God created man to live forever
- Death is not very good
- Death is the "enemy"
- The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death.

Christ – the Tree of Life

- ... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...
- God created man to live forever
- And death and hell [i.e. the "grave'] were cast into the lake of fire. This is the second death.
- The "second death" is eternal
- "Death" is incompatible with "life"

Christ – the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ...

- God created man to live forever
- The tree of life was *NOT* the source of eternal
- However, the tree of life did have remarkable life-preserving properties that would allow fallen man to live unusually long lives
- Access to the tree of life was denied after the fall (Genesis 322-24)

And the LORD God said, Behold, the man is become as one of us, to know good and evil: and now, lest he put forth his hand, and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live for ever: Therefore the LORD God sent him forth from the garden of Eden, to till the ground from whence he was taken. So he drove out the man; and he placed at the east of the garden of Eden Cherubims, and a flaming sword which turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life. (Genesis 322-24)

Christ - the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ... (Genesis 2:9)

There was the tree of life in the midst of the garden, which was <u>not so much a memorandum</u> to [Adam] of the fountain and author of his life, <u>nor perhaps any natural means to preserve or</u> <u>prolong life;</u>

Christ – the Tree of Life

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ... (Genesis2:9)

Matthew Henry on Genesis 2:9: but it was chiefly intended to be <u>a sign and seal</u> to Adam, <u>assuring him of the continuance of</u> <u>life and happiness</u>, even to immortality and everlasting bliss, <u>through the grace and favour</u> <u>of his Maker</u>,

... the tree of life also in the midst of the garden ... (Genesis2:9)

upon condition of his perseverance in this state of innocency and obedience. Of this he might eat and live. <u>Christ is now to us the tree of life</u> (Rev_2:7; 22:2), and the bread of life, (John 6:48, 53).

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Wisdom Proverbs 3:18
- Righteousness Proverbs 11:30
- Desired Hope Proverbs 13:12
- A Wholesome Tongue Proverbs 15:4

Christ - the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

• Wisdom

- She [Wisdom] is a tree of life to them that lay hold upon her: and happy is every one that retaineth her. (Proverbs 3:38)
- In the beginning was the Word [Logos], and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. (John

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

• Wisdom

But unto them which are called, both Jews and Greeks, Christ the power of God, and the wisdom of God. (rCorinthians 12.4)

[Christ] In whom are hid all the treasures of wisdom and knowledge. (Colossians2:3)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

• Wisdom

But we speak the wisdom of God in a mystery, even the hidden wisdom, which God ordained before the world unto our glory: Which none of the princes of this world knew: for had they known it, they would not have crucified the Lord of glory. (1 Corinthians 2:7-8)

Christ - the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

Righteousness

- The fruit of the righteous is a tree of life; and he that winneth souls is wise. (Proverbs 11:30)
- In his days Judah shall be saved, and Israel shall dwell safely: and this is his name whereby he shall be called, THE LORD OUR RIGHTEOUSNESS. (Jeremiah 23:6)

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Righteousness
- For the righteous LORD loveth righteousness; his countenance doth behold the upright. (Psalm
- The labour of the righteous tendeth to life: the fruit of the wicked to sin. (Proverbs:10.16)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Righteousness
- Righteousness But seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness; and all these things shall be added unto you. (Matthew 6:33)
- And if Christ be in you, the body is dead because of sin; but the Spirit is life because of righteousness. (Romans 8:10)

Christ - the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Righteousness
- If ye know that he is righteous, ye know that every one that doeth righteousness is born of
- And I saw heaven opened, and behold a white horse; and he that sat upon him was called Faithful and True, and in righteousness he doth judge and make war. (Revelation 19:11)

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Desired Hope Hope deferred maketh the heart sick: but when the desire cometh, it is a tree of life. (Proverbs1312)
- And I will shake all nations, and the desire of all nations shall come: and I will fill this house with glory, saith the LORD of hosts. (Haggai 27)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- Desired Hope
- Looking for that blessed hope, and the glorious Jesus Christ; Who gave himself for us, that he might redeem us from all iniquity, and purify unto himself a peculiar people, zealous of good works. (Titus 2:13-14)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- A Wholesome Tongue
- A wholesome tongue is a tree of life: but perverseness therein is a breach in the spirit. (Proverbs154)
- My lips shall not speak wickedness, nor my tongue utter deceit. (Job 27:4)

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- A Wholesome Tongue My tongue shall speak of thy word: for all thy commandments are righteousness. (Psalm 119:172)
- Then was our mouth filled with laughter, and our tongue with singing: then said they among the heathen, The LORD hath done great things for them. (Psalm 126:2)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- A Wholesome Tongue The tongue of the just is as choice silver: the heart of the wicked is little worth. (Proverbs 10:20) And he humbled thee, and suffered thee to hunger, and fed thee with manna, which thou knewest not, neither did thy fathers know; that he might make thee know that man doth not live by bread only, but by every word that **proceedeth out of the mouth of the LORD doth man live.** (Deuteronomy 8:3, see Matthew 4:3; Luke 4:4)

Christ - the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- A Wholesome Tongue
- very word of God is pure: he is a shield unto them that put their trust in him. (Proverbs 30:5)
- And it came to pass, when Jesus had ended these sayings, the people were astonished at his doctrine: For he taught them as one having authority, and not as the scribes. (Matthew 7:28-29)

Christ - the Tree of Life Attributes of the Tree of Life:

• A Wholesome Tongue

- Heaven and earth shall pass away, but my words shall not pass away. (Matthew 24:35, see also Mark 13:31, Luke 21:33)
- Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believe th on him that sent me, bath every asting and beneveur on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life. (John 5:24)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Attributes of the Tree of Life:

- A Wholesome Tongue
 Search the scriptures; for in them ye think ye have eternal life: and they are they which testify of me. And ye will not come to me, that ye might have life. (John 5:39-40)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

I am the vine [tree], ye are the branches: He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth forth much fruit: for without me ye

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

If a man abide <u>not</u> in me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered; and men gather them, and cast them into the fire, and they are burned. (John 15-6)

Search the scriptures; for in them ye think ye have eternal life: and they are they which testify of me. (John 5:39)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

My sheep hear my voice, and I know them, and they follow me: And I give unto them eternal life; and they shall never perish, neither shall any man pluck them out of my hand. (Johnio 27-28)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

He that believeth on the Son hath everlasting life: and he that believeth not the Son shall not see life; but the wrath of God abideth on him. (John 3:36)

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life. (John5:24)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

Food

Labour not for the meat which perisheth, but for that meat which endureth unto everlasting life, which the Son of man shall give unto you: for him hath God the Father sealed. (John 627)

Christ – the Tree of Life

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

And this is the will of him that sent me, that everyone which seeth the Son, and believeth on him, may have everlasting life: and I will raise him up at the last day. (John 6:40)

Jesus as the Tree of Life:

Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that believeth on me hath everlasting life. (John 6:47)

Christ – the Tree of Life

The Cross is the Tree of Life:

And if a man have committed a sin worthy of death, and he be to be put to death, and thou hang him on a tree: His body shall not remain all night upon the tree, but thou shalt in any wise bury him that day; (for he that is hanged is accursed of God;) that thy land be not defiled, which the LORD thy God giveth thee for an inheritance. (Deuteronomy 21:22-23)

Christ – the Tree of Life

The Cross is the Tree of Life:

The God of our fathers raised up Jesus, whom ye slew and hanged on a tree. (Acts 530)

And we are witnesses of all things which he [Jesus] did both in the land of the Jews, and in Jerusalem; whom they slew and hanged on a tree: (Acts 10:39)

The Cross is the Tree of Life:

Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us: for it is written, Cursed is every one that hangeth on a tree: (Galatians 3:13)

Christ - the Tree of Life

The Cross is the Tree of Life:

If ye then be risen with Christ, seek those things which are above, where Christ sitteth on the right hand of God. Set your affection on things above, not on things on the earth. For ye are dead, and your life is hid with Christ in God. When Christ, who is our life, shall appear, then shall ye also appear with him in glory. (Colossians 3:1-4)

Christ – the Tree of Life

The Cross is the Tree of Life:

He that hath an ear, let him hear what the Spirit saith unto the churches; To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the tree of life, which is in the midst of the paradise of God. (Revelation 2:7)







And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness: and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. (Genesis 1:26)

Christ and the Church

"And God said, Let us make man" (Genesis 1:26)

- God *Elohim* masculine plural noun
- Said masculine singular verb
- Let us make -- nâ 'âśâh ('âśâh) to do, to make
- man 'âdâm mankind, human being

"in our *image*, after our *likeness*" (Genesis 1:26)

- image *tselem* to *shade*, a *phantom*, an *illusion*, *resemblance*, a mirror image i.e., *the spiritual* likeness
- likeness demûth resemblance; concretely a model or shape; a similitude - i.e., the physical likeness

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Consciousness (soul)

And God said unto Moses, I AM THAT I AM: and he said, Thus shalt thou say unto the children of Israel, I AM hath sent me unto you. (Exodus 3:14)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Consciousness (soul) – the Father

Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Before Abraham was, **Lam**. Then took they up stones to cast at him: but Jesus hid himself, and went out of the temple, going through the midst of them, and so passed by. (John 8:58-59)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Body – like that of the Son

Wherefore when he cometh into the world, he saith, Sacrifice and offering thou wouldest not, but **a body hast thou prepared me:** (Hebrews 10:5)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Body – like that of the Son

Sacrifice and offering thou didst not desire; mine ears hast thou opened: burnt offering and sin offering hast thou not required. (Psalm 40:6)

LXX: "a body hast thou prepared me"

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Spirit – Holy Spirit

Turn you at my reproof: behold, I will pour out my spirit unto you, I will make known my words unto you. (Proverbs 1:23)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Spirit – Holy Spirit

And I will put my spirit within you, and cause you to walk in my statutes, and ye shall keep my judgments, and do them. (Ezekiel 36:27)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Spirit – Holy Spirit

And it shall come to pass afterward, that I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh; and your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, your old men shall dream dreams, your young men shall see visions: And also upon the servants and upon the handmaids in those days will I pour out my spirit. (Joel 2:28-29)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Spirit – Holy Spirit

And it shall come to pass in the last days, saith God, I will pour out of my Spirit upon all flesh: and your sons and your daughters shall prophesy, and your young men shall see visions, and your old men shall dream dreams: (Acts 2:17)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Spirit – Holy Spirit

For <u>God</u> is my witness, <u>whom</u> I serve with my spirit in the gospel of his Son, that without ceasing I make mention of you always in my prayers; (Romans 1:9)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Intellect

And I have filled him with the spirit of God, in <u>wisdom</u>, and in <u>understanding</u>, and in <u>knowledge</u>, and in all manner of <u>workmanship</u>, (Exodus 31:3)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Intellect

And Moses called all Israel, and said unto them, <u>Hear</u>, O Israel, <u>the statutes</u> and <u>judgments</u> which I speak in your ears this day, that ye may learn them, and keep, and do them. (Deuteronomy 5:1)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Intellect

Give me now wisdom and knowledge, that I may go out and come in before this people: for who can <u>judge</u> this thy people, that is so great? (2 Chronicles 1:10)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Intellect

Shall any teach God knowledge? seeing he judgeth those that are high. (Job 21:22)

Teach me good judgment and knowledge: for I have believed thy commandments. (Psalm 119:66)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness:

It is good for me that I have been afflicted; that I might learn thy statutes. <u>Thy hands have made me and fashioned</u> <u>me</u>: give me understanding, that I may

Aspects of the image and likeness: Intellect

Not that I speak in respect of want: for I have learned, in whatsoever state I am, therewith to be content. (Philippians 4:11)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness:

Reason -- *yâkach* to be right/correct; to argue; to decide, justify or convict: appoint, argue, chasten, convince, correct, dispute, judge, maintain, plead, **reason** (together), rebuke, reprove.

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Reason -- yâkach to reason (together),

Come now, and let us *reason* together, saith the LORD: though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool. (Isaiah 1:18)

Aspects of the image and likeness: <u>Reason --</u> yâkach to reason (together),

Whereas thou hast searched all my stuff, what hast thou found of all thy household stuff? set it here before my brethren and thy brethren, that they may judge betwixt us both. (Genesis 31:37)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: **Reason** -- *yâkach* to reason (together),

How forcible are right words! but what doth your arguing reprove? (Job 6:25)

Surely I would speak to the Almighty, and I desire to reason with God. (Job 13:3)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Reason -- yâkach to reason (together),

O that one might plead for a man with God, as a man pleadeth for his neighbour! (Job 16:21)

There the righteous might dispute with him; so should I be delivered for ever from my judge. (Job 23:7)

Aspects of the image and likeness:

Yea, I attended unto you, and, behold, there was none of you that convinced Job, or that answered his words: (Job 32:12)

Hear ye, O mountains, the LORD'S controversy, and ye strong foundations of the earth: for the LORD hath a controversy with his people, and he will plead with Israel. (Micah 6:2)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Will -- r^o'ûth - desire: pleasure, will

Now therefore, if it seem good to the king, let there be search made in the king's treasure house, which is there at Babylon, whetherit be so, that a decree was made of Cyrus the king to build this house of God at Jerusalem, and let the king send his **pleasure to us concerning this matter.** (Ezra 5:17)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Will -- r^o 'ûth - desire: pleasure, will.

And whatsoever shall seem good to thee, and to thy brethren, to do with the rest of the silver and the gold, that do after the will of your God. (Ezra 7:18)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- vâtsar - to mold into a form.

And the LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living soul. And the LORD God planted a garden eastward in Eden; and there he put the man whom he had formed. (Genesis 2:7-8)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- yâtsar - to mold into a form.

And he received them at their hand, and fashioned it with a graving tool, after he had made it a molten calf: and they said, These be thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out of the land of Egypt. (Exodus 32:4)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- yâtsar - to mold into a form.

Brought beds, and basons, and earthen vessels, and wheat, and barley, and flour, and parched corn, and beans, and lentiles, and parched pulse, (2 Samuel 17:28)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- yâtsar - to mold into a form.

These were the potters, and those that dwelt among plants and hedges: there they dwelt with the king for his work. (1 Chronicles 4:23)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- *chôrêsh* – a fabricator or mechanic: - artificer

And Zillah, she also bare Tubalcain, an instructer of every artificer in brass and iron: and the sister of Tubalcain was Naamah. (Genesis 4:22)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Creativity -- chôrêsh - a fabricatoror mechanic: - artificer

[Hiram] was a widow's son of the tribe of Naphtali, and his father was a man of Tyre, a worker in brass: and he was filled with wisdom, and understanding, and cunning to work all works in brass. And he came to king Solomon, and wrought all his work. (1 Kings 7:14)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Authority -- *râdâh* - dominion; reign

And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness: and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. (Genesis 1:26)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Authority -- *râdâh* - dominion; reign

Thou shalt not rule over him with rigour; but shalt fear thy God. (Leviticus 25:43)

Beside the chief of Solomon's officers which were over the work, three thousand and three hundred, which ruled over the people that wrought in the work. (a Kings 5:16)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness: and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. (Genesis 1:26)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

With my soul have I desired thee in the night; yea, with my spirit within me will I seek thee early: for when thy judgments are in the earth, the inhabitants of the world will learn righteousness. (Isaiah 26:9)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

God is faithful, by whom ye were called unto the fellowship of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord. (1 Corinthians 1:9)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

That I may know him, and the power of his resurrection, and the fellowship of his sufferings, being made conformable unto his death; (Philippians 3:10)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

That which we have seen and heard declare we unto you, that ye also may have fellowship with us: and truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with his Son Jesus Christ. (1 John 1:3)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

And they continued stedfastly in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, and in breaking of bread, and in prayers. (Acts 2:42)

Christ and the Church

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another: and so much the more, as ye see the day approaching. (Hebrews 10:25)

Aspects of the image and likeness: Social – Need for fellowship with God and man

But if we walk in the light, as he is in the light, we have fellowship one with another, and the blood of Jesus Christ his Son cleanseth us from all sin. (1 John 1:7)



So God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him; male and female created he them. (Genesis1:27)



of life; and man became a living soul. (Genesis 2:7)
- And the LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground, (Genesis 2:7)
- LORD God Yahweh Elohim the Jewish national name of God
- formed yâtsar to mould into a form; especially as a potter, to shape through squeezing

Christ and the Church

- And the LORD God formed man of the dust of the ground, (Genesis 2:7)
- <mark>man</mark> '**âdâm** ruddy, that is, a human being
- *dust* '*âphâr dust* (as powdered or gray); hence clay, earth, mud
- Ground -- 'ădâmâh soil; country, earth, ground, husband [-man]

Christ and the Church

- and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living soul. (Genesis 2:7)
- breathed nâphach to puff, to inflate, blow hard, scatter, kindle, expire
- breath neshâmâh a puff, that is, wind, angry or vital breath, divine inspiration, intellect: inspiration, soul, spirit

- and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man b
- became hâyâh to exist, that is, be or become, come to pass living chay alive; hence raw (flesh); fresh, strong
- **soul nephesh** properly a breathing creature, that is, animal or (abstractly) vitality;



And the LORD God said, that the man should be alone; I will make him an help meet for him. (Genesis 2:18)

Christ and the Church

- **Everything God made to this point** was "good," but this was "not good"
- an help 'êzer aid: help
- meet neged a front, that is, part opposite; specifically a counterpart, or mate; usually, i.e., "face to face

And the LORD God caused a deep sleep to fall upon Adam, and he slept: and he took one of his ribs, and closed up the flesh instead thereof; (Genesis 2:21)

rib - **tsêlâ'** - a rib (as curved), literally (of the body) or figuratively (of a door, that is, *leaf*); hence a *side*, literally (of a person)

Used <u>**41 times**</u> in O.T.; only *here* is it translated "rib"

Christ and the Church

And the rib, which the LORD God had taken from man, made he a woman, and brought her unto the man. (Genesis 2:22)

made - **bânâh** - to build

She not only had the same "flesh" (that is, body) and "life" (that is, soul) as did Adam, but she also had an eternal spirit, as he did; but the spirit (or, better, the "image of God") was directly from God, not mediated through Adam as was her physical life ... The "image of God," directly created by God, was given to both man and woman.

Christ and the Church

Genesis 2:23-24

And Adam said, This *is* now bone of my bones, and flesh of my flesh: she shall be called <u>Woman, because she was taken out of Man</u>.

Therefore shall a man leave his father and his mother, and shall cleave unto his wife: and they shall be one flesh.

Analogies Drawn: Adam is a "type" of Christ

For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive. (1 Corinthians 15:22)

And so it is written, The first man Adam was made a living soul; the last Adam was made a quickening spirit. (1 Corinthians 15:45)

Christ and the Church

Analogies Drawn: Adam is a "type" of Christ

And the LORD God caused a deep sleep to fall upon Adam, and he slept: and he took one of his ribs, and closed up the flesh instead thereof; (Genesis 2:21)

deep sleep - tardêmâh – a lethargy or trance, i.e., death

Christ and the Church

Analogies Drawn: Eve is a "type" of the Church

Husbands, love your wives, even as Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for [her]; (Ephesians 5:25)

Analogies Drawn: Sleep is a <u>"type" of death</u>

"Sleep" is a common metaphor or euphemism used in Scripture to signify death, e.g.:

Behold, I shew you a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, (1 Corinthians 15:51)

Christ and the Church

Analogies Drawn:

As Adam "died" to give life to his wife, so Christ died to give life to the church

For we are members of his body, of his flesh, and of his bones. For this cause shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall be joined unto his wife, and they two shall be one flesh. This is a great mystery: but I speak concerning Christ and the church. (Ephesians 5:30-32; Genesis 2:24)

Christ and the Church

Analogies Drawn:

As God brought Eve to Adam (Genesis 2:22), God will bring the Church, the Bride, to Christ.

Let us be glad and rejoice, and give honour to him: for the marriage of the Lamb is come, and his wife hath made herself ready. (Revelation 19:7)













Now the serpent was more subtil than any beast of the field which the LORD God had made. And he said unto the woman, <u>Yea, hath God said</u>, Ye shall not eat of every tree of the garden? (Genesis 3:1)





2





For God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods, knowing good and evil. (Genesis 3:5)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

Satan's Tactics:

- Call God's Word into question: "Yea, hath God
- Deny God's Word: "Ye shall not surely die" (v. 4) Disparage God's Character: "God doth know ... your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods" (v. 5) i.e., "God is keeping something good from you."



The Temptation of Man:

For all that is in the world, the lust of the flesh, and the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life, is not of the Father, but is of the world. (1 John 2:16)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Man:

- Lust of the flesh: "the woman saw that the tree was good for food" (v. 6) Lust of the eyes: "it was pleasant to the eyes" (v. 6) Pride of life: "to be desired to make one wise" (v.

The Temptation of Man:

The thing that hath been, it is that which shall be; and that which is done is that which shall be done: and there is no new thing under the sun.

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Christ:

For we have not an high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities; but was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin. (Hebrews 4:15)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Christ:

- Lust of the flesh: "If thou be the Son of God, command this stone that it be made bread." (Luke 4:3)
 Lust of the eyes: "And the devil, taking him up into an high mountain, shewed unto him all the kingdoms of the world in a moment of time" (Luke 4:5)
 Pride of life: "If thou be the Son of God, cast thyself down from hence: For it is written, <u>He shall give his angels charge over thee</u>, to keep thee: And in their hands they shall bear thee up, lest at any time thou dash thy foot against a stone." (Luke 4:9-n)



for food, and that it was pleasant to the eyes, and a tree to be desired to make one wise, she took of the fruit thereof, and did eat, and gave also unto her husband with her; and he did eat. (Genesis 3:6)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Man:

For Adam was first formed, then Eve. And Adam was not deceived, but the woman being deceived was in the transgression. (1Timothy 2:13-14)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Man:

- Adam, *not Eve*, received the command:
- And the LORD God commanded the man [hâ'âdâm], saying, Of every tree of the garden thou mayest freely eat: But of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, thou shalt not eat of it: for in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die. (Genesis 2:16-17)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin The Temptation of Man:

- And the LORD God caused a deep sleep to fall upon Adam [hâ'âdâm "the man"], and he slept: and he took one of his ribs, and closed up the flesh instead thereof; And the rib, which the LORD God had taken from man, made he a woman, and brought her unto the man [hâ'âdâm]. (Genesis 2:21-22) "rib" - *tsêlâ'* - a *rib* (as *curved*) a *side*, a *timber*, or *plank*
- Used *only* here in the O.T.

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

The Temptation of Man:

- Did Satan succeed in causing Adam to doubt?
- Was Adam conducting a "scientific" experiment to see if Eve would indeed die?
- What would "dying" look like?
- Seeing that Eve did not "die," did Adam willfully disobey God's command?
- Regardless, the result was the same
- Adam disobeyed God



Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin **The Fall of Man:**

- When Adam ate of the fruit...
- "the eyes of them both were opened"
- It was then that "they knew that they were naked"



And they heard the voice of the LORD God walking in the garden in the cool of the day: and Adam and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the LORD God amongst the trees of the garden. (Genesis 3:8)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin **The Fall of Man:**

- "They heard the voice"
- Hebrew qôl
- Meaning: a voice or sound
- "of the LORD God walking"
- Context indicates the "<mark>sound</mark>" of footfalls
- A "spirit" would make no "sound"

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin The Fall of Man:

- "Adam and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the LORD God" "the presence" translates two Hebrew words:
- "min" meaning "from" or "out of" and
- "pânîym" meaning "the face"
 The "face-to-face" fellowship with their Creator was broken



And the LORD God called unto Adam and said unto him, Where art thou? And he said, I heard thy voice in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked; and I hid myself. (Genesis 3:9-10)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin **God Initiates the Conversation**



God sought after them:

"And the LORD God called unto Adam and said unto him, Where art "For the Son of many solution of the solution that which was lost." (Luke



Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God Allows for Confession



"And the LORD God called unto Adam and said unto him, Where art thou?"(Genesis 3:9)

"Who told thee that thou wast naked?" (Genesis 3:11)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God Allows for Confession



"If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. (1 John Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin Instead of Confession, They Made Excuses



"And the man said, The woman whom thou gavest to be with me, she gave me of the tree, and I did eat." (Genesis 3:12)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin Instead of Confession, They Made Excuses



"And the woman said, The serpent beguiled me, and I did eat." (Genesis 3:13)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin



Their sin brought judgment upon all mankind ...

"For the wages of sin is death" (Romans 6:23)



shalt thou eat bread, till thou return unto the ground; for out of it wast thou taken: for dust thou art, and unto dust shalt

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin



... and upon all of creation...

"For we know that the together until now." (Romans 8:22)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin rovision



"And the LORD God said unto the serpent ... I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed: Welshall bruise eed; [He] shall bruise bruise his heel." (Genesis 3:14-15)





Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



taught them to make these for themselves. This implies the institution of animal sacrifice, which was undoubtedly of divine appointment, and instruction in the only acceptable mode of worship for sinful creatures, through faith in a Redeemer (Heb_9:22).*

* Jamieson, Fausset and Brown Commentary: A Commentary on the Old and New Testaments by Robert Jamieson, A. R. Fausset and David Brown

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



This had to be a physical demonstration The guilty pair had to see how it was done They must experience the

 This practice would continue until "the wages of sin" were paid in full

• The pre-incarnate Christ performed the sacrifice

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



By clothing them, He "covered" their sin This covering alludes to "atonement"

This was an <mark>act of God</mark> on man's behalf

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



Their effort to cover their nakedness was insufficient

The covering required the shedding of blood

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



"For the life of the flesh is in the blood: and I have given it to you upon the altar to make an atonement for your souls: for it is the blood that maketh an atonement for the soul." (Leviticus 17:11)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin God's Provision



"And almost all things are by the law purged with blood; and without shedding of blood is no remission [of sin]." (Hebrews 9:22)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

Christ in This Passage

- God "walks" through the garden (v. 8)
- They "hear" the "sound" of Him walking
- God and the couple carry on a "normal, face-to-face" conversation (vv. 9-13)
 God pronounces judgment (vv. 16-19)

Christ in This Passage

"And Jesus said, For judgment I am come into this world" (John 9:39)

"For we must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ; that every one may receive the things done in his body, according to that he hath done, whether it be good or bad" (2 Corinthians 5:10)

Christ and God's First Atonement for Sin

Christ in This Passage

God performs the sacrifice (v. 21)
He acts as high priest

"Wherefore in all things it behoved [Christ] to be made like unto his brethren, that he might be a merciful and faithful high priest in things pertaining to God, to make reconciliation for the sins of the people." (Hebrews 2:17)























him should kill him. (Gen 4:15)

Christ and the Mark of Cain

Hebrew Lesson to Begin:

et- undefined word الجمع •

- Has no meaning
- Always precedes the direct object of a verb or preposition
- "A mark of the accusative"
- ּ וְהָאָדָָם יָדָע <mark>אֶת־חַוָּ</mark>ה אִשְׁתֵּו וַתַּקִר וַתַּלֶד <mark>אָת־</mark>לֵין וַהָּאמֶר קַגִיתי אִישׁ <mark>אֶת־יְהוָה:</mark>

- And Adam knew [et-] Eve his wife; and she conceived, and bare [et-] Cain, and said, I have gotten a man from [et-] the LORD.
 (Genesis 4:1)
- Cain rhymes with "gain," and means "acquired"
- Hebrew: Qaaniytiy 'iysh <u>et-</u>Yahweh
 Translation: "I have acquired [a] man <u>the</u> LORD"

Christ and the Mark of Cain

 Eve believed she had given birth to "the seed of woman"

And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed; [HE] shall bruise thy head, and thou shalt bruise his heel. (Genesis 3:15)

Christ and the Mark of Cain

- She soon discovered that Cain was NOT the Promised One
- "And she again bare his brother Abel ..." (Genesis 4:2)
- "Abel" means "vapor" or "vanity"







And in process of time it came to pass, that Cain brought of the fruit of the ground an offering unto the LORD. And Abel, he also brought of the firstlings of his flock and of the fat thereof. ... (Genesis



And the LORD had <u>respect</u> unto Abel and to his offering: But unto Cain and to his offering [the LORD] had <u>not respect</u>. And Cain was very wroth, and his countenance fell.(Genesis 4:4b-5)

By faith Abel offered unto God a more excellent sacrifice than Cain, by which he obtained witness that he was righteous, God testifying of his gifts: and by it he being dead yet speaketh. (Hebrews 11:4)





And the LORD said unto Cain, Why art thou wroth? and why is thy countenance fallen? If thou doest well, shalt thou not be accepted? and if thou doest not well, sin lieth at the door. And unto thee shall be his desire, and thou shalt rule over him. (Genesis 4:6-7)

Christ and the Mark of Cain

The Problem With Cain's Unacceptable Offering

Cain did not follow God's prescribed method for sacrifice

Unto Adam also and to his wife did the LORD God make coats of skins, and clothed them. (Genesis 3:21)

"God made coats of skins — taught them to make these for themselves. This implies the institution of animal sacrifice, which was undoubtedly of divine appointment, and instruction in the only acceptable mode of worship for sinful creatures, through faith in a Redeemer (Heb_9:22)."*

*Jamieson, Fausset and Brown Commentary A Commentary on the Old and New Testaments by Robert Jamieson, A. R. Fausset and David Brown

The Problem With Cain's Unacceptable Offering

"If thou doest well, shalt thou not be accepted?" (Genesis 4:7

Cain willfully went against God's prescription for the sacrifice and "did his own thing"

"unto thee shall be his desire — The high distinction conferred by priority of birth is described (Gen_27:29); and it was Cain's conviction, that this honor had been withdrawn from him, by the rejection of his sacrifice, and conferred on his younger brother - hence the secret flame of jealousy, which kindled into a settled hatred and fell revenge."*

*Jamieson, Fausset and Brown Commentary A Commentary on the Old and New Testaments by Robert Jamieson, A. R. Fausset and David Brown



And Cain talked with Abel his brother: and it came to pass, when they were in the field, that Cain rose up against Abel his brother, and slew him. (Genesis 4:8)

Christ and the Mark of Cain

Out of jealousy and contempt, Cain killed his brother Abel $({\rm Genes}_{i\leqslant 4}{\rm s})$

God confronted Cain with his sin and, gave opportunity for Cain to confess his sin and to ask forgiveness. $({\rm Genesis}_{4:9^{-10}})$

And the LORD said unto Cain, Where is Abel thy brother? ... What hast thou done? the voice of thy brother's blood crieth unto me from the ground. (Genesis 4:9-10)

As with Adam and Eve in the Garden, God solicits a confession giving the guilty party an opportunity to ask for forgiveness

Cain's defiance and lack of remorse brought God's judgment upon him

"And now art thou cursed from the earth ... a fugitive and a vagabond shalt thou be in the earth. (Genesis 4:n-12)



Christ and the Mark of Cain

And Cain said unto the LORD, My punishment is greaterthan I can bear. Behold, thou hast driven me out this day from the face of the earth; and from thy face shall I be hid; and I shall be a fugitive and a vagabond in the earth; and it shall come to pass, that every one that findeth me shall slay me. (Genesis 4:13-14)



Christ and the Mark of Cain

Cain's remorse is not over his sin, but over his punishment

He's not sorry for what he did; he's sorry for getting caught

Rather than repent, he complains that his punishment is too harsh



Lesson 6: Christ and the Mark of Cain

Christ and the Mark of Cain

For his protection, God set a mark upon Cain (Genesis 4:15)

Hebrew: *'owt* – a signal (literally or figuratively), as a flag, beacon, monument, omen, prodigy, evidence

The word appears 79 times in the O.T.; usually translated as "sign" or "token" (in the KJV)

Only here is it translated "mark"

Christ and the Mark of Cain

Why does God not kill Cain for murdering his brother?

At this point, God had not given a commandment against murder

Cain is a sinner; he is not a transgressor

"... for where no law is, there is no transgression." (Romans 4:15)

The "mark" identifies Cain as belonging to God

Christ and the Mark of Cain How is the "Mark" an Image of Christ?

The mark shows God's mercy on an undeserving sinner

Cain was totally self-focused, utterly rebellious, and well deserving of death

Yet God spared his life and marked him for his own protection

Lesson 6: Christ and the Mark of Cain

Christ and the Mark of Cain How is the "Mark" an Image of Christ?

The mark shows God's mercy on an undeserving sinner

"The whole dealing of the Almighty was calculated to have a softening, conscience-awakening, and hope-inspiring effect on the murderer's heart." [Albert Burnet Nutes on the Bible Gen 4:5]

"God displayed His grace, because Cain received divine protection." [Arnold G. Fruchienbaum, Ariel's Bible Commentary: The Book of Genesis, (San Antonio: Ariel Ministries, 2000). 122]

Christ and the Mark of Cain How is the "Mark" an Image of Christ?

In a similar manner, Christ also died for unworthy sinners

"But God commendeth his love toward us, in that, while we were yet sinners, Christ died for us" (Romans 5:8)

"Nevertheless the foundation of God standeth sure, having this seal, The Lord knoweth them that are his" (2Timothy 218)

Christ and the Mark of Cain How is the "Mark" an Image of Christ?

"Now he which stablisheth us with you in Christ, and hath anointed us, is God; Who hath also sealed us ..." (2 Corinthians 1:21-22)

"<mark>sealed</mark>" – Greek *sphragizō* - to *stamp*

i.e., has placed His "mark" on us

Lesson 6: Christ and the Mark of Cain

Christ and the Mark of Cain How is the "Mark" an Image of Christ?

Sometimesone who has been sealed continues in rebellion as did Cain

The Image of Christ is displayed in the mark of Cain, not in that there was anything worthy in Cain, but in that the grace of God and His mercy was lavished upon so unworthy a recipient.

And so are we all







Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt <mark>pitch it</mark> within and without with <mark>pitch.</mark> (Genesis 6:14)





Adah and Zillah, Listen to my voice, You wives of Lamech, Give heed to my speech, For I have killed a man for wounding

Christ in the Ark of Noah

First example of Hebrew poetry

Hebrew poetry is distinguished by its use of parallelism

The first line makes a statement; the second line repeats the statement in a different way

The "Wisdom Books," Job, Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and Song of Solomon, are examples of Hebrew poetry

This argues against the claim that Genesis 1-3 is Hebrew poetry and not historical narrative

Christ in the Ark of Noah

This kind of violence caused God to act:

And GOD saw that the wickedness of man was great in the earth, and that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually. And <u>it repented</u> the LORD that he had made man on the earth, and <u>it grieved him at his heart.</u> And the LORD said, I will destroy man whom I his heart. And the LOKD said, F will de stee have created from the face of the earth; bol the air; for it repenteth me that I have made them. (Genesis 6:5-7)

Repent - nacham – to sigh, breathe strongly, to be sorry

Christ in the Ark of Noah

God's plan was not to be thwarted...

And Adam knew his wife again; and she bare a son, and called his name Seth: For God, said she, hath appointed me another seed instead of Abel, whom Cain slew. (Genesis 4:25)

Seth means "substitute"

Christ in the Ark of Noah

God's plan was not to be thwarted...

Through Seth's line would come the Promised One that would crush the serpent's head.

It was through this godly line that "then began men to call upon the name of the LORD [Yahweh]" (Genesis 4:26)

It was evidently at this time that godly men and women first initiated formal public services of sacrifice, worship and prayer, replacing the earlier practice of meeting personally with God, as Cain and Abel had done. The practice of individual prayer is also intimate, implying that God's personal presence was no longer regularly available. In any case, an act of faith is implied. (THMSE, p. 28)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

In only 1612 (+/-8) years, humanity had degenerated to the point that God was willing to utterly destroy everything He created...

But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD. (Genesis 6:8)

And GOD saw that the wickedness of man wasgreat in the earth, and that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually... And God looked upon the earth, and, behold, it was corrupt; for all flesh had corrupted his way upon the earth." (Genesis 6:5, 12)

The timeframe in years from Adam's creation to Abraham's birth, based on event-to-event timeframe "links" as recorded in Genesis					
linefrane"Links"	Bookend Events	Moenb Time	Stated Years	Partial Near	Tetal Years
I. Genesis 53	Adamis created / Adambesets Seth	n/a	130	\$1	\$131
L Genesis 5x6	Seth is begotten/ Seth begets Eaosh	sl	105	s 1	si 107
Genesis 59	Eresh is begotten/ Eresh begets Gainan	#1	90	£1	#92
Genesis 5:12	Cainan is begatten / C. begats Mahalaleel	۶I	70	\$1	≤72
Genesis 5:15	Mahalaleet is begatten/ M.begets Jaced	#1	65	±1	± 67
Genesis 5:38	Jared is begotten / Jared begets Enoch	s1	362	s1	s 164
Genesis 5:21	Enoch is begotten / E. begets Methasaleh	sl	65	\$1	\$67
. Genesis 5:25	Methoaleh is begatten/ M. begets Lamech	#1	187	#1	a 199
7. Genesis 5:28-29	Lamech is begatten J Lamech begats Naah	s1	152	s1	s 154
0.Genesis 7.6	Noah is begrüten / Flood hits	sl	600	sl	s 602
1.Genesis 11:10	Floed hits / Aphanad is begatten	n/a	2	#1	#3
2.Genesis 11:12	Arphanad is begatten / A. begets Shelah	s1	35	s1	\$37
3.Genesis 11:14	Shelah is begotten/ Shelah begets Eber	sl	30	s 1	si 32
4 Generis 11:16	Eber is begotten / Eber begets Peleg	#1	34	#1	#36
5.Genesis 11:18	Peleg is begotten / Peleg begets Reu	۶I	30	\$1	\$32
6.Genesis 11:20	Rea is begotten./ Rea begots Seriag	#1	32	#1	±34
Generis 11:22	Serug is begotten/ Serug begets Nahor	#1	30	£1	#32
KGenesis 11:24	Nahor is begotten./ Nahor begets Terah	\$1	29	\$1	\$31
9.Genesis 11:26	Tenh is begotten / Abraham is born	sl+sP		#1	m 73
ath-data-	provided				


Lesson 7: Christ and the Ark of Noah

Christ in the Ark of Noah

... Noah was a just man and perfect in his generations, and Noah walked with God. (Genesis 6:9)

"just" - *tsaddîyq -* just, lawful, righteous

"perfect" - tâmiym – entire, also (as a noun) integrity, truth: - without blemish, complete, sound, without spot, undefiled, upright, whole

"in his generations" - tôledâh - descent, family, history, birth

Seems to indicate that his DNA was uncorrupted...

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And it came to pass, when men began to multiply on the face of the earth, and daughters were born unto them, That the sons of God saw the daughters of men that they were fair; and they took them wives of all which they chose. (Genesis 6:1-2)

"<mark>sons of God" - *bêne 'ĕlôhîym* - used of angels elsewhere in the Old Testament</mark>

Now there was a day when the sons of God came to present themselves before the LORD, and Satan came also among them. (Job 1:6, see also Job 2:1: 38:7)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

The earth also was corrupt before God, and the earth was filled with violence. (Genesis 6:11)

"corrupt" - shâchath - to decay, ruin

"<mark>violence</mark>" - *châmâs - violence*; by implication wrong; unjust gain, false, injustice

"The earth" suggests that the corruption extended to all of God's creation including the animal kingdom

And God said unto Noah, The end of all flesh is come before me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them with the earth. Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. (Genesis 6:13-14)

"ark" - *têbâh*- a box

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And God said unto Noah, The end of all flesh is come before me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them with the earth. Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. (Genesis 6:13-14)

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Christ in the Ark of Noah

And God said unto Noah, The end of all flesh is come before me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them with the earth. Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. (Genesis 6:13-14)

"rooms" - qên- a nest; a chamber or dwelling

"pitch" - köpher – a cover; figuratively a redemption price; also kåphar meaning to cover, expiate or condone, to placate or cancel: - appease, make (an) atonement, cleanse, disannul, forgive, be merciful, pacify, pardon, to pitch, purge (away), put off, (make) reconcile (-liation).

Lesson 7: Christ and the Ark of Noah

Christ in the Ark of Noah

length of the ark shall be three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty c (Genesis 6:15)

"cubit" – based on the average length from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger

- Egyptian Royal Cubit = 20.61 to 20.83 inches Sumerian Cubit = 20.42 inches Ancient Greek Cubit = 18.20 inches Ancient Roman Cubit = 13.60 inches

- Near Eastern (Biblical) cubit = 18.0 inches

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And this is the fashion which thou shalt make it of: The length of the ark shall be three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits. (Genesis 6:15)

Based on an 18-inch cubit (cbt) • Length: 300 cbt x 1.5 ft = 450 ft (1 ½ football fields)

- Width: 50 cbt x 1.5 ft = 75 ft Width: 50 cbt x 1.5 ft = 45 ft Height: 30 cbt x 1.5 ft = 45 ft Volume: 450' x 75' x 45' = 1,518,750 cu ft



Christ in the Ark of Noah				
	Compared to Other Vess	els		
	100 200 300 400 500 600 700 80	<u>900 1000</u> 1		
		The Ark Greek Trireme		
		Man-of-War		
	and the second s	lcebreaker		
		Ocean Liner		
Son Marine		and the second		







Lesson 7: Christ and the Ark of Noah

Christ in the Ark of Noah

A window shalt thou make to the ark, and in a cubit shalt thou finish it above; and the door of the ark shalt thou set in the side thereof; with lower, second, and third stories shalt thou make it. (Genesis 6::6)

"window" - אָקָד - *tsohar* - a light (i.e. window): dual double light, i.e. noon

Translated: noon, noon day, or midday everywhere else in the O.T.

More likely a large opening in the Ark to allow for light and ventilation.

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And it came to pass at the end of forty days, that Noah opened the window of the ark which he had made: (Genesis 8:6)

"window" - הַלּון - *chalown* - a window

Translated "window" everywhere else in the O.T.

May have been a "<mark>port hole</mark>" distinct from the large tsohar prescribed in Genesis 6:16



And of every living thing of all flesh, two of every sort shalt thou bring into the ark, to keep *them* alive with thee; they shall be male and female. Of fowls after their kind, and of cattle after their kind, of every creeping thing of the earth after his kind, two of every sort shall come unto thee, to keep *them* alive. (Genesis 6:19-20)

"kind" - mîyn - to portion out; a sort

Biblical "kinds" would be less than "species."



How many animals on the Ark?

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u># on Ark</u>		
Mammals	3700	<3700		
Birds	8600	<8600		
Reptiles	6300	<6300		
Amphibians	2500	<2500		
Sea Creatures	1,051,205	0		
Total	1,072,305	<21,100		
Data from Dr. Terry Mortenson, Noah's Flood: Washing Away Millions of Years, DVD, Creation Library Series, © 2006, Answers In Genesis.				





1	Kinds, Species, Variants	
		202-



And take thou unto thee of all food that is eaten, and thou shalt gather it to thee; and it shall be for food for thee, and for them. Thus did Noah; according to all that God commanded him, so did he. (Genesis 6:21-22)

•Food enough to last 370 days for •Noah'sfamily •All the animals •Water for drinking and cleaning •Required 4.07 ML (Mega Liters) or 1,074,480 gallons

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And the LORD said unto Noah, Come thou and all thy house into the ark; for thee have I seen righteous before me in this generation ... For yet seven days, and I It to rain upon the earth forty days and forty nights; and every living substance that I have made will I destroy from off the face of the earth. And Noah did according unto all that the LORD commanded him. And Noah did according the second that the LORD commanded him. And Noah was six hundred years old when the flood of waters was upon the earth. And Noah went in, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him, into the ark, because of the waters of the flood. (Genesis 7:1,4-7)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And it came to pass after seven days, that the waters of the flood were upon the earth. I he month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. (Genesis 7:10-11)

- econd Month" Two Possibilities: Iyar April-May Religious Calendar Cheshvan October-November Civil Calendar Probably the latter The Religious Calendar established with Moses

(Christ in tl	ne Ark	c of N	Joah
Hebrew	English	Number	Length	Civil Equivalent
ניקן	Nissan	1	30 days	March-April
איַיר	Iyar	2	29 days	April-May
סיון	Sivan	3	30 days	May-June
ת כווז	Tammuz	4	29 days	June-July
אָב	Av	5	30 days	July-August
אָלול	Elul	6	29 days	August-September
תשרי	Tishri	7	30 days	September-October
חַשְׁנו	Cheshvan	8	29 or 30 days	October-November
כַּסְלַו	Kislev	9	30 or 29 days	November-December
טַבָּת	Tevet	10	29 days	December-January
שְׁבָט	Shevat	11	30 days	January-February
אַדָר א	Adar I (leap years only)	12	30 days	February-March
	Adar (called Adar Beit in leap years)	12 (13 in leap years)	29 days	February-March
-	http://www.j	ewfaq.org/ca	lendar.htn	n

And it came to pass after seven days, that the waters of the flood were upon the earth. In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. (Genesis 7:10-11)

"Second Month the seventeenth day"

Cheshvan 17

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And it came to pass in the six hundredth and first year, in the first month, the first day of the month [Tishri 1], the waters were dried up from off the earth: and Noah removed the covering of the ark, and looked, and, behold, the face of the ground was dry. And in the second month, on the seven and twentieth day [Cheshvan 27] of the month, was the earth dried. (Genesis 8:13-14)

Biblical year = 360 days

Cheshvan 17 - Cheshvan 27 = 360+10=370 days

And it came to pass after seven days, that the waters of the flood were upon the earth. In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. (Genesis 7:10-11)

"fountains of the deep" – describes the earth's crust breaking open

Huge geysers of superheated water shooting high into the atmosphere

Christ in the Ark of Noah

In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the windows of heaven were opened. And the rain was upon the earth forty days and forty nights. (Genesis 7:11-12)

Water from the fountains of the deep condensed in the atmosphere and returned to earth as rain for 40 days and picture

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And the flood was forty days upon the earth; and the waters increased, and bare up the ark, and it was lift up above the earth. And the waters prevailed, and were increased greatly upon the earth; and the ark went upon the face of the waters. And the waters prevailed exceedingly upon the earth; and all the high hills, that were under the whole heaven, were covered. Fifteen cubits [22.5'] upward did the waters prevail; and the mountains were covered. (Genesis 7:17-20)

"hills/mountains" - same Hebrew word: har

High mountains were probably not part of the pre-Flood world

And <u>all</u> flesh died that moved upon the earth, both of fowl, and of cattle, and of beast, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth, and <u>every man</u>: <u>All</u> in whose nostrils was the breath of life, of <u>all</u> that was in the dry land, died. And <u>every</u> living substance was destroyed which was upon the face of the ground, both man, and cattle, and the creeping things, and the fowl of the heaven; and they were destroyed from the earth: and <u>Noah</u> only remained alive, <u>and they that were with him</u> in the ark. (Genesis 7:21-23)

Could a "local flood" do this?

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And the waters prevailed upon the earth an hundred and fifty days. (Genesis 7:24)

40 days of rain plus an additional 110 days the waters prevailed, i.e., continued to rise, 150 days total

"prevail" - *gâbar* - to be *strong*, *act insolently*, exceed, confirm, be great, be mighty

150 days = approximately 5 months

And the waters returned from off the earth continually: and after the end of the hundred and fifty days the waters were abated. (Genesis 8:3)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And the ark rested in the seventh month, on the seventeenth day of the month[Nissan (Abib) 17], upon the mountains of Ararat. And the waters decreased continually until the tenth month: in the tenth month, on the first day of the month [Tammuz 1], were the tops of the mountains seen. (Genesis 84-5)

"seventh month" – 210 days total

Water increased for 150 days

The earth was covered for 60 days

Caracter of				
(Christ in tl	ne Ark	c of N	Joah
Hebrew	English	Number	Length	Civil Equivalent
ניפָן	Nissan	1	30 days	March-April
אייר	Iyar	2	29 days	April-May
סיון	Sivan	3	30 days	May-June
תכווז	Tammuz	4	29 days	June-July
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תשרי	Tishri	7	30 days	September-October
חשנו	Cheshvan	8	29 or 30 days	October-November
כּסְלַו	Kislev	9	30 or 29 days	November-December
טבת	Tevet	10	29 days	December-January
שָׁבָּט	Shevat	11	30 days	January-February
אַדָר א	Adar I (leap years only)	12	30 days	February-March
	Adar (called Adar Beit in leap years)	12 (13 in leap years)	29 days	February-March
	http://www.j	ewfaq.org/ca	lendar.htn	n

And it came to pass at the end of forty days, that Noah opened the window of the ark which he had made: And he sent forth a raven, which went forth to and fro, until the waters were dried up from off the earth. Also he sent forth a dove from him, to see if the waters were abated from off the face of the ground; (Genesis 8:6-8)

This would be the eleventh month, the tenth day

Tisha B'Av – 10th of Av -historically a bad day for the Jews started by the bad report of the 10 spies – Numbers 13:25-33

Now in the fifth month, in the tenth day of the month, which was the nineteenth year of Nebuchadrezzar king of Babylon, came Nebuzaradan ... into Jerusalem, And burned the house of the LORD, and the king's house; and all the houses of Jerusalem, and all the houses of the great men, burned he with fire: (Jeremiah 52:12=13)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And he stayed yet other seven days; and again he sent forth the dove out of the ark ... And he stayed yet other seven days; and sent forth the dove; which returned not again unto him any more. (Genesis 8:10, 12)

"seven days" (v. 10) – Av 17

"seven days" (v. 12) – Av 24

And it came to pass in the six hundredth and first year, in the first month. the first day of the month, the waters were dried up from off the earth: and Noah removed the covering of the ark, and looked, and, behold, the face of the ground was dry. And in the second month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, was the earth dried. (Genesis 8:13-14)

"first month, the first day " (7 days later) – Tishri 1

"2nd month, 27th day" (57 days later) – Cheshvan 27

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And in And in the second month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, was the earth dried. And God spake unto Noah, saying, Go forth of the ark, thou, and thy wife, and Noah, saying, Go forth of the ark, thou, and thy whe, and thy sons, and thy sons' wives with thee. Bring forth with thee every living thing that is with thee, of all flesh, both of fowl, and of cattle, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth; that t in the earth, and be fruitful, an upon the earth. And Noah went forth, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him: (Genesis 8:14-18)

After 370 days on the Ark

Christ in the Ark of Noah

People throughout the world have some kind of flood story that is a part of their culture

- 95% tell of a global flood
 66% say it was due to the wickedness of man
 88% report that there was a favored family

- 66% say the family was forewarned
 70% talk about a boat that saved the family
 67% include animals on the boat
- 57% explain that when the flood was over, the boat landed on a mountain

None of these stories contains the beauty, clarity, and believable detail given in the Bible, but each is meaningful to their own culture. ...

The only credible way to understand the widespread, similar flood legends is to recognize that all people living today, even though separated geographically, linguistically, and culturally, have descended from the few real people who survived a real global flood, on a real boat which eventually landed on a real mountain. Their descendants now fill the globe, never to forget the real event. (John Moris-http://www.crang/article/why.dos-mearly-wey-culture-have radiion-globa/)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

Many flood memories are repressed or forgotten but live on in the written language of the people, e.g. Chinese:

$$\frac{h}{h} = \frac{h}{h} + \frac{h}{h} + \frac{h}{h} = \frac{h}{h}$$

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Christ in the Ark of Noah

But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD. (Genesis 6:8)

"<mark>grace</mark>" - *chên* - *graciousness*, that is, subjectively (kindness, favor)

First occurrence in the O.T.

And the child [Jesus] grew, and waxed strong in spirit, filled with wisdom: and the grace of God was upon him. (Luke 2:40)

"grace" – charis – graciousness

First occurrence in the N.T.

But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD. (Genesis 6:8)

The grace of God was present contemporaneously with the judgment of God: *But Noah found favor in the eyes of Jehovah*; he found grace in the eyes of God. This was the way out of the devastation. This is grace in the context of judgment. The word *found* shows grace is not won and it is not earned. Noah simply *found* grace in God.*

Christ in the Ark of Noah

But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD. (Genesis 6-8) Grace: "God's unmerited favor"

God as Creator is Owner and Master of His creation He has the right to do as He pleases with what is His The total destruction of *His* creation is within His right

"But Noah found grace"

Christ in the Ark of Noah

These are the generations of Noah: Noah was a just man and perfect in his generations, and Noah walked with God. (Genesis 6:9)

David, arguably less worthy, found God's grace

And when [God] had removed [Saul], he raised up unto them David to be their king; to whom also he gave testimony, and said, I have found David the son of Jesse, a man after mine own heart, which shall fulfil all my will. (Acts 13:22)

David was not sinless; his heart's desire was to seek God

These are the generations of Noah: Noah was a just man and perfect in his generations, and Noah walked with God. (Genesis 6:9)

But the LORD said unto Samuel, Look not on his countenance, or on the height of his stature; because I have refused him: for the LORD seeth not as man seeth; for man looketh on the outward appearance, but the LORD looketh on the heart. (r Samuel 16:7)

If we have forgotten the name of our God, or stretched out our hands to a strange god; Shall not God search this out? for he knoweth the secrets of the heart. (Psalms 44:20-21)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

These are the generations of Noah: Noah was a just man and perfect in his generations, and Noah walked with God. (Genesis 6:9)

David is numbered among the heroes of the faith along with Noah (Hebrews 11:7, 32), not because he was sinless, but because his heart's desire, like that of Noah was for God, and God granted them His grace

For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: (Ephesians 2:8)

But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD. (Genesis 6:8)

Christ in the Ark of Noah How is the Ark an Image of Christ? Ark Christ



The Ark was made of wood



The Cross was made of wood



Make thee an ark of gopher wood; rooms shalt thou make in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. (Genesis 6::4)

And not only so, but we also joy in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom we have now received the atonement. (Romans 5:11)

"atonement" - *katallagē - exchange*, that is, *restoration* to (the divine) favor: atonement, reconciliation

[Christ]In whom ye also trusted, after that ye heard the word of truth, the gospel of your salvation: in whom also after that ye believed, ye were sealed with that holy Spirit of promise, Which is the earnest of our inheritance until the redemption of the purchased possession, unto the praise of his glory. (Ephesians 1:13-14)

"Sealed" – *sphragizo* – to *stamp* for security





And this is *the fashion* which thou shalt make it *of*: The length of the ark *shall be* three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits. (Genesis 605)

The Ark had 1,518,750 cu ft of space; room enough for 2420 more people, but only 8 entered the Ark

For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. $({\sf John\,3a6})$

Behold, I stand at the door, and knock: if any man hear my voice, and open thedoor, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me. (Revelation 3:20)

God's grace is available to ALL!



Christ in the Ark of Noah

A window shalt thou make to the ark, and in a cubit shalt thou finish it above; and **the door** of the ark shalt thou set in the side thereof; with lower, second, and third stories shalt thou make it. (Genesis 6:16)

Jesus saith unto him, <mark>1 am the way,</mark> the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me. (John14.6)

[Jesus] is the stone which was set at nought of you builders, which is become the head of the corner. Neither is there salvation in any other: for there is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved. (Acts 4:n)



And in the second month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, was the earth dried ... And Noah went forth, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him: Every beast, every creeping thing, and every fowl, and whatsoever creepeth upon the earth, after their kinds, went forth out of the ark. (Genesis 8:14,18-19)

And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also. (John 14:3)

Christ in the Ark of Noah

And I saw a new heaven and a new earth: for the first heaven and the first earth were passed away; and there was no more sea. And I John saw the holy city, new Jerusalem, coming down from God out of heaven, prepared as a bride adorned for her husband. And I heard a great voice out of heaven saying, Behold, the tabernacle of God is with men, and he will dwell with them, and they shall be his people, and God himself shall be with them, and be their God. And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying, neither shall there be any more pain: for the former things are passed away. (Revelation 2014)









And you, be ye fruitful, and multiply; bring forth abundantly in the earth, and multiply therein. (Genesis 97)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Dominion Mandate Repeated

And God blessed them, and God said unto them, Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it: and have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over every living thing that moveth upon the earth. (Genesis 128)

"replenish" - *mâlê*" – to fill "subdue" - *kâbash –* to conquer, subjugate, violate "dominion" - *râdâh –* to rule over

Christ in the Life of Abraham The Dominion Mandate Repeated

And God blessed Noah and his sons, and said unto them, Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth. (Genesis 9:1)

"replenish" - mâlê' - to fill

The commands to "<mark>subdue</mark>" - *kâbash* – and to have "dominion" - *râdâh* – or "rule over" are not repeated

Man's relationship with the animals had been altered

God's desire was for man to populate the entire planet

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Institution of Human Government

And surely your blood of your lives will I require; at the hand of every beast will I require it, and at the hand of man; at the hand of every man's brother will I require the life of man. Whoso sheddeth man's blood, <u>by man</u> shall his blood be shed: for in the image of God made he man. (Genesis 9:5:6)

"require" - dârash - ask for, demand, exact, i.e. avenge

God delegated capital punishment for murder to man

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Dominion Mandate Repeated (again)

And you, be ye fruitful, and multiply; bring forth abundantly in the earth, and multiply therein. (Genesis 9:7)

Clearly, God wants them to "spread out"

They complied with the "be fruitful, and multiply" part

They disobeyed in the "fill the earth" part

Chapter 11 shows the results...

The Noahic Covenant

And I, behold, I establish my covenant with you, and with your seed after you; And with every living creature that is with you, of the fowl, of the cattle, and of every beast of the earth with you; from all that go out of the ark, to every beast of the earth. (Genesis 9:9-10)

This is the first covenant established in the Bible and it is unconditional; God takes all the responsibility

Man has no participation in the covenant; he is only the beneficiary of the covenant

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Noahic Covenant

And I will establish my covenant with you; neither shall all flesh be cut off any more by the waters of a flood; neither shall there any more be a flood to destroy the earth. (Genesis g:n)

"<mark>flood</mark>" - *mabbûl* - in the sense of *flowing*; a *deluge*

Used only in reference to the catastrophic global flood in the O.T.

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Noahic Covenant

And God said, This is the token of the covenant which I make between me and you and every living creature that is with you, for perpetual generations: I do set my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth. And it shall come to pass, when I bring a cloud over the earth, that the bow shall be seen in the cloud: And I will remember my covenant, which is between me and you and every living creature of all flesh; and the waters shall no more become a flood to destroy all flesh. (Genesis ga2-15)





And God said unto Noah, This is the token of the covenant, which I have established between me and all flesh that is upon the earth. (Genesis 9:17)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Table of Nations – Genesis 10

Now these are the generations of the sons of Noah, Shem, Ham, and Japheth: and unto them were sons born after the flood. (Genesis 1001)

These "sons" became the "nations" disbursed at the Tower of Babel – Genesis 11

This explains why Flood "stories" are ubiquitous in almost every culture





Division of Nations - Genesis 11

And the whole earth was of one language, and of one speech. (Genesis 113)

And unto Eber were born two sons: the name of one was Peleg; for in his days was the earth divided; and his brother's name was Joktan. (Genesis 1025)

And they said, Go to, let us build us a city and a tower, whose top may reach unto heaven; and let us make us a name, lest we be scattered abroad upon the face of the wholeearth. (Genesis 17:4)

Christ in the Life of Abraham Division of Nations – Genesis 11



migdâl w∘rô'shô basššhâmayim

Tower Whose top To the heavens

Not "to reach" the heavens, but "dedicated unto" the heavens

Division of Nations – Genesis 11



The Euroean Union Parliament Building, Strasbourg, France

In 2010 Glenn Beck suggested that the tower's design consciously mirrors the Vienna painting of the **Tower of Babel** by Pieter Bruegel the Elder*

*https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Seat_of_the_European_Parliament_in_Strasbourg

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Division of Nations – Genesis 11

And the LORD came down to see the city and the tower, which the children of men builded. And the LORD said, Behold, the people is one, and they have all one language; and this they begin to do: and now nothing will be restrained from them, which they have imagined to do. Go to, let us go down, and there confound their language, that they may not understand one another's speech. So the LORD scattered them abroad from thence upon the face of all the earth: and they left off to build the city. (Genesis m3-8)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Division of Nations – Genesis 11

"the LORD came down" does not mean God was unaware

God, as we have seen, allows time for man to repent before executing judgment

" the people [were] one, and they [had] all one language" they were united in their rebellion against God's command:

" let us build us a city and a tower ... lest we be scattered abroad upon the face of the whole earth" (Genesis 11:4)

Christ in the Life of Abraham Division of Nations – Genesis 11 So the LORD scattered them abroad from thence upon the face of all the earth : and they left off to build the city. (Genesis 12) $\underbrace{+ \underbrace{+}_{Vor} + \underbrace{+}_{Uot} + \underbrace{+}_{Vor} + \underbrace{$

ASIA Table of Nations Genesis 10



Christ in the Life of Abraham

Generations of Shem – Genesis 11:10-32

These are the generations of Shem: Shem was an hundred years old, and begat Arphaxad two years after the flood: And Shem lived after he begat Arphaxad five hundred years, and begat sons and daughters. (Genesis 11:10-11)

"Shem" means "name"

Life spans declined dramatically after the Flood

Noah lived 350 years after the Flood - 950 years total (Gene 9:28-29)





Generations of Shem – Genesis 11:10-32

Declination seen at time of death

Seth (600) Arphaxad (438) Salah (433) Eber (464) Peleg (239) Reu (239)

Serug (230) Nahor (148) Terah (205) Abram Nahor Haran

Now the LORD had said unto **Abram**, Get thee out of thy country, and from thy kindred, and from thy father's house, unto a land that I will shew thee: (Genesis 123)







Six Promises (Genesis 12:1-3):

(1.) God would make would of Abram "a great nation"
(2.) God would bless him
(3.) God would make Abram's name great
(4.) Abram would be a blessing to others
(5.) God promises to bless those who bless him and curse those who curse him

(6.) And the greatest promise of all: "in thee shall all families of the earth be blessed" – the promise of Messiah

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Promise of an Heir

I will make of thee a great nation, and I will bless thee, and make thy name great; and thou shalt be a blessing: And I will bless them that bless thee, and curse him that curseth thee: and in thee shall all families of the earth

And she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS: for he shall save his people from their sins. (Matthew 121)

The Promise of an Heir

And, behold, thou shalt conceive in thy womb, and bring forth a son, and shalt call his name JESUS. He shall be great, and shall be called the Son of the Highest: and the Lord God shall give unto him the throne of his father David: And he shall reign over the house of Jacob forever; and of his kingdom there shall be no end. (Luke1:31-33)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Promise of an Heir

The first Image of Christ that we see in the life of Abraham is in the promise of our Savior.

For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life (John 3:16)



A Personal Visit

And the LORD appeared unto Abram, and said, Unto thy seed will I give this land: and there builded he an altar unto the LORD, who appeared unto him. (Genesis 12:7)

- This was a physical appearance "appeared" -- ra'ah -- "to see" The "Lord" is Yahweh (Jehovah) in the flesh This is known as a "Theophany" or a "Christophany" Jesus said, "God is a Spirit" (John 4:24) This was the pre-incarnate Christ

Christ in the Life of Abraham

A Personal Visit – Not a "Vision"

After these things the word of the LORD came unto Abram in a vision, saying, Fear not, Abram: I am thy shield, and thy exceeding great reward. (Genesis 15:1)

And God spake unto Israel in the visions of the night, and said, Jacob, Jacob. And he said, Here am I. (Genesis 46:2)

[Balaam] He hath said, which heard the words of God, which saw the vision of the Almighty, falling into a trance, but having his eyes open: (Numbers 24:4)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

A Personal Visit - Not a "Vision"

And Samuel lay until the morning, and opened the doors of the house of the LORD. And Samuel feared to shew Eli the vision. (1 Samuel 315)

Now it came to pass in the thirtieth year, in the fourth month, in the fifth day of the month, as I was among the captives by the river of Chebar, that the heavens were opened, and I saw visions of God. (Ezekiel 1:1)

A Personal Visit – Not a "Vision"

And he put forth the form of an hand, and took me by a lock of mine head; and the spirit lifted me up between the earth and the heaven, and brought me in the visions of God to Jerusalem, to the door of the inner gate that looketh toward the north; where was the seat of the image of jealousy, which provoketh to jealousy. (Ezekiel 8:3)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

A Personal Visit – Not a "Vision"

In the visions of God brought he me into the land of Israel, and set me upon a very high mountain, by which was as the frame of a city on the south. (Ezekiel 402)

And I Daniel alone saw the vision: for the men that were with me saw not the vision; but a great quaking fell upon them, so that they fled to hide themselves. Therefore I was left alone, and saw this great vision, and there remained no strength in me: for my comeliness was turned in me into corruption, and I retained no strength. (Daniel 10:7-8)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

A Personal Visit

And the LORD appeared unto Abram, and said, Unto thy seed will I give this land: and there builded he an altar unto the LORD, who appeared unto him. (Genesis 12:7)

Now to Abraham and his seed were the promises made. He saith not, And to seeds, as of many; but as of one, And to thy seed, which is Christ. (Galatians 3:16)

Paul emphasizes the significance of the "singular" seed

Another Personal Visit

And the LORD said unto Abram ... Lift up now thine eyes, and look from the place where thou art northward, and southward, and eastward, and westward: For all the land which thou seest, to thee will I give it, and to <u>thy seed</u> for ever [olam]. And I will make thy seed as the dust of the earth: so that if a man can number the dust of the earth, then shall thy seed also be numbered. (Genesis 13:14-16)

This promise is unconditional

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Another Personal Visit

In the same day the LORD made a covenant with Abram, saying, Unto thy seed have I given this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates: The Kenites, and the Kenizzites, and the Kadmonites, And the Hittites, and the Perizzites, and the Rephaims, And the Amorites, and the Canaanites, and the Girgashites, and the Jebusites. (Genesis 15:18-21)



Gen 15:18

On that day the LORD made a covenant with Abram, saying, "To your offspring I give this land, from the river of Egypt to the great river, the river Euphrates.

Exod 23:31

And I will set your border from the Red Sea to the Sea of the Philistines, and from the wilderness to the Euphrates, for I will give the inhabitants of the land into your hand, and you shall drive them out before you.

1 Kings 4:21

Solomon ruled over all the kingdoms from the Euphrates to the land of the Philistines and to the border of Egypt. They brought tribute and served Solomon all the days of his life.

Another Personal Visit

The LORD God of heaven, which took me from my father's house, and from the land of my kindred, and which spake unto me, and that sware unto me, saying, Unto thy seed will I give this land; he shall send his angel before thee, and thou shalt take a wife unto my son from thence. (Genesis 247)

After Solomon, Israel lost the Promised Land; but when the promised "<mark>Seed"</mark> comes again, the land will be restored to Israel



Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

And the angel of the LORD found her {Hagar] by a fountain of water in the wilderness, by the fountain in the way to Shur. (Genesis 167)

First mention of "angel

Hebrew: *mal'ak* meaning "messenger"

The angel is "of the LORD" (Yahweh)

The Angel of the LORD

And he said, Hagar, Sarai's maid, whence camest thou? and whither wilt thou go? And she said, I flee from the face of my mistress Sarai. And the angel of the LORD said unto her, Return to thy mistress, and submit thyself under her hands. And the angel of the LORD said unto her, I will multiply thy seed exceedingly, that it shall not be numbered for multitude. (Genesis 16:8-10)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

Note: the angel says, "*I* will multiply thy seed" (v. 10) not "The LORD will multiply..."

An ordinary angel would not personally make such a promise

An ordinary angel has no authority other than what is specifically assigned to him by God

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

And there appeared unto him an angel of the Lord standing on the right side of the altar of incense. And when Zacharias saw him, he was troubled, and fear fell upon him. (Luke131-12)

And the angel answering said unto him, I am Gabriel, that stand in the presence of God; and am sent to speak unto thee, and to shew thee these glad tidings. (Luke 139)

The Angel of the LORD

And in the sixth month the angel Gabriel was sent from God unto a city of Galilee, named Nazareth, To a virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph, of the house of David; and the virgin's name was Mary. And the angel came in unto her, and said, Hail, thou that art highly favoured, the Lord is with thee: blessed art thou among women. (Luke 126-28)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

And the angel said unto her, Fear not, Mary: for thou hast found favour with God. And, behold, thou shalt conceive in thy womb, and bring forth a son, and shalt call his name JESUS. He shall be great, and shall be called the Son of the Highest: and the Lord God shall give unto him the throne of his father David: (Luke 1:30-32)

And the angel answered and said unto her, The Holy Ghost shall come upon thee, and the power of the Highest shall overshadow thee: therefore also that holy thing which shall be born of thee shall be called the Son of God. (Luke 135)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

So when the angel says, "I will multiply thy seed" (Genesis He is not speaking for the LORD, He IS the LORD

An ordinary angel, like Gabriel, relays the message directly from God but takes no responsibility for it

Once again we have a physical manifestation of God

This is a "Theophany" or "Christophany"

The Angel of the LORD

And she called the name of the LORD that spake unto her, Thou God seest me: for she said, Have I also here looked after him that seeth me? Wherefore the well was called Beerlahairoi; (Genesis 1613-14)

Hagar finally recognizes to whom it was she was speaking

"<mark>Beerlahairoi" - be'êr lachay rô'îy</mark> – well of the living (One), my Seer

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the Lord

And God heard the voice of the lad; and the angel of God called to Hagar out of heaven, and said unto her, What aileth thee, Hagar? fear not; for God hath heard the voice of the lad where he is. Arise, lift up the lad, and hold him in thine hand; for I will make him a great nation. And God opened her eyes, and she saw a well of water; and she went, and filled the bottle with water, and gave the lad drink. (Genesis 2117-19)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Angel of the LORD

Here we have "<mark>the angel of God</mark>" (Elohim) not "<mark>the angel of the LORD</mark>" (Yahweh)

Hagar was no longer under the "Covenant" protection of the LORD through Abraham

Note again that the angel says, *"I* will make him a great nation" (v. 18) not *"The LORD* will make him a great nation..."The angel *IS* the LORD




Christ Visits Abraham

And the LORD appeared unto him in the plains of Mamre: and he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day; And he lift up his eyes and looked, and, lo, three men stood by him: and when he saw them, he ran to meet them from the tent door, and bowed himself toward the ground, And said, My Lord, if now I have found favour in thy sight, pass not away, I pray thee, from thy servant: (Genesis 18:1-3)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Christ Visits Abraham

- Three "men" came to visit Abraham (Genesis 18:2) "the LORD appeared unto him in the plains of Mamre" (Genesis 18:1)
- That it is the LORD (*Yahweh*) with whom Abraham is speaking is emphasized in verses, 13, 14, 17, 19, 20, 22, 26, and 33.
- This is a physical manifestation of the pre-incarnate Christ

Christ Visits Abraham

- Abraham "bowed himself toward the ground" (Genesis 18:2)
 Hebrew: shachah meaning "to prostrate in homage to royalty or God"
- God's angels do not accept worship from men
- Consider <u>Revelation 19:00</u> "And I fell at his feet to worship him. And he said unto me, <u>See thou do it not:</u> I am thy fellowservant, and of thy brethren that have the testimony of Jesus: worship God"

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Christ Visits Abraham

Also <u>Revelation 22:8-9</u> - "And I John saw these things, and heard them. And when I had heard and seen, *I feil down to* worship before the feet of the angel which shewed me these things. Then saith he unto me, See thou do it not: for I am thy fellowservant, and of thy brethren the prophets, and of them which keep the sayings of this book: worship Cod

"Let no man beguile you of your reward in a voluntary humility and worshipping of angels" (Colossians 2:18a).

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Christ Visits Abraham

- This "Angel" accepted Abraham's worship Abraham addresses Him as "Lord" Hebrew: *Adonai* (plural of *Adon*) meaning "sovereign" (human or divine)
- The reason is not that he is addressing all three, since the next second person pronoun is singular. Rather, (Arnold G. Fruchtenbaum, Ariel's Bible Commentary: The Book of Genesis, 310)

Christ Visits Abraham

- This "Angel" assumes responsibility for the promise to Abraham
- "And [the Angel] said, I will certainly return unto thee according to the time of life; and, lo, Sarah thy wife shall
- The Angel demonstrates omniscience and assigns omnipotence to Himself

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Christ Visits Abraham

- And the LORD said unto Abraham, Wherefore did Sarah laugh, saying, Shall I of a surety bear a child, which am old? (Gen. 1813)
- Is any thing too hard for the LORD? (Genesis 18:14a) Note: The "Angel" never says "Thus saith the LORD"
- The "Angel" reaffirms the promise of Messiah

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Christ Visits Abraham

- And the LORD said, Shall I hide from Abraham that thing which I do; Seeing that Abraham shall surely become a great and mighty nation, and all the nations of the earth shall be blessed in him? (Genesis 1847-18) Abraham then intercedes for Sodom and Gomorrah Genesis 18 vividly displays the image of Christ as *Yahweh*, as worthy of worship, as omniscient, as omnipotent, as faithful promise keeper, and as friend.

Your father Abraham rejoiced to see my day: and he saw it, and was glad. (John 8:56)

Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Before Abraham was, I am. (John 8:58)









Gen 14:18-20

And Melchizedek king of Salem brought forth bread and wine: and he was the priest of the most high God.

And <mark>he blessed him</mark>, and said, Blessed be Abram of the most high God, <mark>possessor</mark> of heaven and earth:

Gen 14:18-20

And blessed be the most high God, which hath delivered thine enemies into thy hand. And he gave him tithes of all.

Christ and Melchizedek

Who is this mysterious king-priest?

• מֵלְכִּי־אָדֶק מֶלֶךְ שְׁלֵם • His name means "king of righteousness" • He is the king of Salem which means "Peace"

He serves Abram "bread and wine" He is "priest of the most high God"

Christ and Melchizedek

Who is this mysterious king-priest?

He blesses Abram and the God of Abram "possessor of heaven and earth"
Heb. *qānāh* – to procure, especially by purchase – "to redeem"
Abram "gave him tithes of all [the spoils]"

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Some say Jerusalem

• A shortened form for *Urusalim*, "city of peace," according to tablets found in Tell el Amarna

Jerusalem was the city of the Jebusites
The Jebusites lived in the land at the time of Abraham (Genesis 15:18-21)

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Genesis 15:18-21

I given this land, from the river of Egypt unto the great river, the river Euphrates: The Kenites, and the Kenizzites, and the Kadmonites, And the Hittites, and the Perizzites, and the Rephaims, And the Amorites, and the Canaanites, and the Girgashites, and the Jebusites.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Joshua 15:63

As for the Jebusites the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the children of Judah could not drive them out: but the Jebusites dwell with the children of Judah at Jerusalem unto this day.

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Judges 1:21

And the children of Benjamin did not drive out the Jebusites that inhabited Jerusalem; but the Jebusites dwell with the children of Benjamin in Jerusalem unto this day.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Judges 19:10-11

But the man would not tarry that night, but he rose up and departed, and came over against Jebus, which is Jerusalem; and there were with him two asses saddled, his concubine also was with him.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Judges 19:10-11

And when they were by Jebus, the day was far spent; and the servant said unto his master, Come, I pray thee, and let us turn in into this city of the Jebusites, and lodge in it.

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

1 Chronicles 11:4

And David and all Israel went to Jerusalem, which is Jebus; where the Jebusites were, the inhabitants of the land.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

- If Salem is Jerusalem,
- And Jerusalem is Jebus
- Why did Moses in Genesis 14:18 not use its common name, Jebus?
- Salem is mentioned only 5 times in the Bible
- **3 times associated with Melchizedek** (Genesis 14:18; Hebrews 7:1, 2)

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Once it is located about 40 mi. north of Jerusalem

• And Jacob came to Shalem, a city of Shechem, which *is* in the land of Canaan, when he came from Padanaram; and pitched his tent before the city. (Genesis 33:18)

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

• Once associated with the "dwelling place of God"

• In Judah is God known: his name is great in Israel. In Salem also is his tabernacle, and his dwelling place in Zion. (Psalm 76:1-2)

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

"Zion" is thought to refer to Jerusalem
Zion – a mountain in Jerusalem
Also – "a monumental or guiding pillar": sign, title or way-mark
Not necessarily Jerusalem

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Acts 7:48-50

Howbeit the most High dwelleth not in temples made with hands; as saith the prophet [Isaiah],

Heaven is my throne, and earth is my footstool: what house will ye build me? saith the Lord: or what is the place of my rest?

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Acts 7:48-50 Hath not my hand made all these things?

Stephen quoting Solomon and Isaiah (1 Kings 8:27 and Isaiah 66:1-2)

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Hebrews 8:1-2

Now of the things which we have spoken this is the sum: We have such an high priest, who is set on the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens;

Majesty in the heavens; A minister of the sanctuary, and of the true tabernacle, which the Lord pitched, and not man.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Genesis 22:2

And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of.

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

2 Chronicles 3:1

Then Solomon began to build the house of the LORD at Jerusalem in mount Moriah, where the LORD appeared unto David his father, in the place that David had prepared in the threshingfloor of Ornan the Jebusite.

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

- If Salem is Jerusalem
- And Mt. Moriah the site for the Temple,
 Why did God not instruct Abraham to go to Salem or Jebus?
- The place Abraham went was uninhabited
 There was no city there

Christ and Melchizedek

Where is this mysterious city of Salem?

Salem is NOT Jerusalem
An attribute of Melchizedek
He is "King of Righteousness"
He is "King of Peace"
"Righteous King of Peace"

Some other nagging questions...

- No genealogy; no posterity
- No record of death
- No further contact with Abraham
- No hard evidence for Salem

Christ and Melchizedek

Some other nagging questions...

• King and priest are separate offices – Melchizedek is both (see 1Samuel 13:5-15)

• How can the "Righteous King of Peace" be king and priest in godless Canaan, in Jerusalem, city of the Jebusites?

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

 For every high priest taken from among men is ordained for men in things pertaining to God, that he may offer both gifts and sacrifices for sins:
 Who can have compassion on the ignorant, and on them that are out of the way; for that he himself also is compassed with infirmity.

Hebrews 5:1-10

- "For men" *huper* meaning over, above
- "that he may offer"- intermediary
 Must have compassion/sympathy
 "he himself also is compassed with infirmity"
- infirmity'
- Set above men to intercede for men while he himself is still sinful

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

3 And by reason hereof he ought, as for the people, so also for himself, to offer for

4 And no man taketh this honour unto himself, but he that is called of God, as was Aaron.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

• The high priest, because he too is sinful, must offer for himself

- No man volunteers for this job
- He must be called of God

Hebrews 5:1-10

5 So also Christ glorified not himself to be made an high priest; but he that said unto him, <u>Thou art my Son, to day have I</u> begotten thee. (Psalm 2:7)

6 As he saith also in another place, <u>Thou</u> <u>art a priest for ever after the order of</u> <u>Melchisedec</u>. (Psalm 10:4)

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

 Christ is now High Priest as ordained by God the Father

His priesthood is "forever"

• "after the order"-*kata, taxis* – according to the fixed succession

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

7 Who [Christ] in the days of his flesh, when he had offered up prayers and supplications with strong crying and tears unto him [the Father] that was able to save him from death, and was heard in that he feared;

8 Though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience by the things which he suffered;

Hebrews 5:1-10

• "learned he obedience"

• What He knew by omniscience, He "learned" by experience, thus "being made perfect"—not as God (for as God He was eternally perfect, by definition), but as man. (THMSB, p. 1899)

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 5:1-10

9 And being made perfect, he became the author of eternal salvation unto all them that obey him;

10 Called of God an high priest after the order of Melchisedec.

Christ and Melchizedek

Christ Meets the Requirements for High Priest:

- Placed "over" men
- Has compassion/sympathy
- Can identify with men's sin
- Called of God

Superiority of Christ our High Priest:

Begotten of God the Father

Eternal priesthood

 according to the "fixed succession" of Melchizedek

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

¹ For this Melchisedec, king of Salem, priest of the most high God, who met Abraham returning from the slaughter of the kings, and blessed him;

2 To whom also Abraham gave a tenth part of all; first being by interpretation King of righteousness, and after that also King of Salem, which is, King of peace;

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

- Melchisedec, king of Salem
- King of righteousness
- King of Salem, King of Peace
- Priest of the most high God
- Holds a dual office: King/Priest

Hebrews 7:1-10

3 Without father, without mother, without descent, having neither beginning of days, nor end of life; but <u>made like unto</u> <u>the Son of God; abideth a priest</u> <u>continually</u>.

4 Now consider how great this man was, unto whom even the patriarch Abraham gave the tenth of the spoils.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

- No genealogy
- No posterity
- No beginning, no end (eternal)
- Made "like"-aphomoioo-the Son of God
 Perfect tense: past action continuing into the
- present
 - Perpetual priesthood
- Abraham gave him a tithe

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

5 And verily they that are of the sons of Levi, who receive the office of the priesthood, have a commandment to take tithes of the people according to the law, that is, of their brethren, though they come out of the loins of Abraham: 6 But he whose descent is not counted from them received tithes of Abraham, and blessed him that had the promises.

Hebrews 7:1-10

• Descendants of Abraham, the Levites receive tithes of the "other" descendants of Abraham

• Melchizedek, not a descendant, receives tithes of Abraham

• Melchizedek is greater than Abraham, and greater than the Levites

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

7 And without all contradiction the less is blessed of the better.

8 And here men that die receive tithes; but there he receiveth them, of whom it is witnessed that he liveth.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

"the less" (Abraham) is blessed of "the better" (Melchizedek)
"but there" (Genesis 14:18-20)
Melchizedek "liveth"-zoe-present, active, indicative (action is certain)

Hebrews 7:1-10

9 And as I may so say, Levi also, who receiveth tithes, payed tithes in Abraham. 10 For he was yet in the loins of his father, when Melchisedec met him.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:1-10

The Levitical priests paid tithes by "proxy" to Melchizedek
The priesthood of Melchizedek is superior to the Aaronic priesthood

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:14-17

14 For it is evident that our Lord sprang out of Juda; of which tribe Moses spake nothing concerning priesthood.

15 And it is yet far more evident: for that after the similitude of Melchisedec there ariseth another priest, (i.e. Jesus)

Hebrews 7:14-17

16 Who is made, not after the law of a carnal commandment, but after the power of an endless life.

17 For he testifieth, Thou art a priest for ever after the order of Melchisedec.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:24-27

24 But this man (Jesus), because he continueth ever, hath an unchangeable priesthood.

25 Wherefore he is able also to save them to the uttermost that come unto God by him, seeing he ever liveth to make intercession for them.

Christ and Melchizedek

Hebrews 7:24-27

26 For such an high priest became us, who is holy, harmless, undefiled, separate from sinners, and made higher than the heavens; 27 Who needeth not daily, as those high priests, to offer up sacrifice, first <u>for his</u> <u>own sins</u>, and then for the people's: for this he did once, when he offered up himself.

Jesus the Perfect High Priest

- Unchangeable, perpetual priesthood
- Saves to the uttermost
- Intercedes forever
- He is a sinless High Priest
- Offered Himself, a once-for-all sacrifice

Christ and Melchizedek Melckizedek <u>Christ</u>

Without descent (Heb 7:3)
No beginning, no end (Heb 7:3)
Priest continually (Heb 7:3)

Without descent (in His pre-incarnate state) In the beginning was the Word (Jn 1:1) Priest forever (Ps 110:4; Heb 5:6,10)

Christ and Melchizedek

<u>Melckizedek</u>

Offered bread and wine (Gen 14:18)
Interceded between man and God (Gen 14:19-20)
Blesses Abram—the greater blesses the lesser (Gen 14:19; Heb 7:7)

<u>Christ</u>

Offered His body and blood (Matt 26:26-28; Mk 14:22-25; Lk 22:19-20; Jn 6:51,58; 1 Cor 11:24-26) Intercedes for us (1 Tim 2:5; Heb 5:1) Through His sacrifice, Jesus blesses us (Rom 4:6-8; Eph 1:3; Rev 19:9)

Christ and Melchizedek <u>Melckizedek</u> <u>Christ</u>	
 Receives a tithe from Abram (Gen 14:20; Heb 7:6) Name means "King of Righteousness" (Gen 14:18) King of Salem or "Peace" (Gen 14:18) 	 He IS our offering (Heb 10:1-18). The tithe is an OT concept not repeated in the NT. Messiah is "the LORD OUR RIGHTEOUSNESS" (Jer 23:6) He IS our Peace (Is

Conclusion:

Melchizedek is the pre-incarnate Christ in theophany, in Genesis 14:18-20;

If not, he is at least a remarkable *Image* of *Christ in Genesis*







The Sacrifice of Isaac

And it came to pass after these things, that God did tempt Abraham, and said unto him, Abraham: and he said, Behold, *here I am*. (Genesis 22:1)

Hebrew for "tempt" is *nâsâh* meaning "to test"

The Sacrifice of Isaac

Let no man say when he is tempted, I am tempted of God: for God cannot be tempted with evil, neither tempteth he any man: (James 133)

Greek for "<mark>tempted</mark>" is *peirazō* meaning "to test" Greek for "cannot be tempted" is *apeirastos* meaning "not temptable"

In context, James is referring to "enticement to sin" which is a "test," but not from God

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

Eugene H. Merril, *The Bible Knowledge Key Word Stud*y prings: <u>Cook C</u>ommunications Ministries, 2003), 90.

And it came to pass after these things, that God did tempt Abraham, and said unto him, Abraham: and he said, Behold, *here I am*. (Genesis 22:1)

Hebrew for "tempt" is *nâsâh* meaning "to test"

The verb involves the idea that something previously hidden becomes revealed and known, and here God acts to expose what Abraham has within himself.*

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of. (Genesis 22:2)

"<mark>thy son</mark>" – which one? Ishmael or Isaac? "thine <mark>only son, Isaac</mark>" – more specific "whom thou lovest" – right to the heart!

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of. (Genesis 22:2)

"<mark>the land of Moriah</mark>" – meaning: seen of Jah (Yahweh/Jehovah), or *Jah provides*

Eventual site of Solomon's Temple (2 Chronicles 3:1)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of. (Genesis 22:2)

"offer" - *'âlâh* - does *not* mean "slay" - it means "to cause to go up"

The Hebrew verb stem (hiphel – a causative) indicates that the object – Isaac ("him") – participates in the "offering"

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of. (Genesis 22:2)

Nowhere in Scripture did God require the sacrifice of persons ... All biblical sacrifice restson the idea that the gift of life to God, either in consecration or in explation, is necessary to restore the broken fellowhip with God caused by sin.*

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And Abraham rose up early in the morning, and saddled his ass, and took two of his young men with him, and Isaac his son, and clave the wood for the burnt offering, and rose up, and went unto the place of which God had told him. (Genesis23)

No hint of hesitation on Abraham's part

By faith Abraham, when he was tried, offered up Isaac: and he that had received the promises offered up his only begotten son, (Hebrews 1117)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

Then on the third day Abraham lifted up his eyes, and saw the place afar off. (Genesis 22:4)

Abraham had already sacrificed, i.e. "consecrated," Isaac when he chose to obey God

"the idea that the gift of life to God, either in <u>consecration</u> or in

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

Isaac was not a little boy...

- A 3-day journey required some stamina
- Ishmael was 15-16 when expelled from the camp (Genesis 21:14)
- Ishmael almost died in the wilderness (Genesis 21:15-16)
- Abraham transfers the wood from the pack animal and places it on Isaac's back (Genesis 22:6)
- Enough wood to completely consume the victim

The Sacrifice of Isaac

Isaac was not a little boy...

- The wood was too heavy for an 8-10 year old boy
- Isaac was probably in his early 20's or older
- It would not be unreasonable to suggest that he may
- have been around 33 years old
- Jesus was 33 when He was crucified

Christ in the Life of Abraham

- The Sacrifice of Isaac
- Isaac was not a little boy...
- Sarah was 90 years old when Isaac was born (Genesis
- Sarah died at the age of 127 (Genesis 23:1)
- Isaac would have been around 37 years old at the time of her death
- It would be just like God to portray this precursor as accurately as possible

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And Abraham said unto his young men, Abide ye here with the ass; and I and the lad will go yonder and worship, and come again to you. (Genesis 22.5)

Abraham had no idea how God would restore Isaac, but he had complete faith that He would

By faith Abraham ... offered up Isaac ... Of whom it was said, That in Isaac shall thy seed be called: Accounting that God was able to raise him up, even from the dead; (Hebrews 1127-19)

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And Abraham took the wood of the burnt offering, and laid it upon Isaac his son; and he took the fire in his hand, and a knife; and they went both of them together. And Isaac spake unto Abraham his father, and said, My father: and he said, Here am I, my son. And he said, Behold the fire and the wood: but where is the lamb for a burnt offering? (Genesis 226-7)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

We must remember that Isaac was a grown man, no doubt much stronger than his father, and could easily have escaped had he wished. He certainly could have guessed his father's intentions; he was well aware of the human sacrifices practiced by the pagan tribes of the area. He knew they were going to offer a burnt offering because they had wood and fire and a knife, but there was no lamb.*

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

"Therefore doth my Father love me, because I lay down my life, that I might take it again. No man taketh it from me, but I lay it down of myself. I have power to lay it down, and I have power to take it again. This commandment have I received of my Father." (John 1007-18)

Like Jesus, Isaac willingly submitted to his father's will

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And Abraham said, My son, God will provide himself a lamb for a burnt offering: so they went both of them together. (Genesis 22:8)

In the Hebrew, it reads yireh-lo, which allows for two options. The first option is that God will provide for Himself or, second, God will provide Himself as an offering. It was a divine provision ether way.*

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Sacrifice of Isaac

And Abraham said, My son, God will provide himself a lamb for a burnt offering: so they went both of them together. (Genesis 22:8)

But we must not suppose that this was the language merely of faith and obedience; the patriarch spoke prophetically, and referred to that Lamb of God which He had provided for himself, who in the fullness of time should take away the sin of the world, and of whom Isaac was a most expressive type. All the other lambs which had been offered from the foundation of the world had been such as Men chose and Men offered; but This was the Lamb which God had provided - emphatically, The Lamb Of God. (*idem Clarks Commentary on the Bible - Genesis* 13:8)



The Sacrifice of Isaac

And he said, Lay not thine hand upon the lad, neither do thou any thing unto him: for now d, seeing thou hast not withheld thy son, thine only son

God knew it before, but now Abraham had given a most memorable evidence of it. He needed do no more; what he had done was sufficient to prove the religious regard he had to God and his authority. (Matthew Het

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Sacrifice of Isaac

Sacrifice of Christ

- Offered up by his father
- Probably 30-34 years
- Carried the wood for
- Was 33/34 years old Carried His own

Offered up by His Father

Christ in the Life of Abraham

Sacrifice of Isaac

- alive
- Later received his
- Sacrifice of Christ
- Did not resist
- Rose on the 3rd day Bride (the Church) at the Rapture



The Bride of Isaac

And Abraham said unto his <mark>eldest servant</mark> of his house, that ruled over all that he had, Put, I pray thee, thy hand under my thigh _(Genesis 24:2)

"eldest servant" - not named - probably Eliezer

And Abram said, Lord GOD, what wilt thou give me, seeing I go childless, and the steward of my house is this Eliezer of Damascus? (Genesis 152)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And Abraham said unto his <mark>eldest</mark> servant of his house, that ruled over all that he had, Put, I pray thee, thy hand under my thigh (Genesis 242)

"<mark>eldes</mark>t" - *zâqên - old -* aged, ancient, elder (i.e., one in authority)

In Genesis 15:2-3, Eliezer may have been 20-40

Now, 50 years later, he is 70-90 - strong enough to make the journey to Mesopotamia

The Bride of Isaac

And I will make thee swear by the LORD, the God of heaven, and the God of the earth, that thou shalt not take a wife unto my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, among whom I dwell: (Genesis 24:3)

"swear" - shâba' - to be complete

From sheba' the cardinal number seven, or seven times

This was a very *serious* oath!

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And I will make thee swear by the LORD, the God of heaven, and the God of the earth, that thou shalt not take a wife unto my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, among whom I dwell: (Genesis 2(2)

"LORD" - Yahweh - "God of heaven and earth"

For by him were all things created, that are in heaven, and that are in earth, visible and invisible, whether they be thrones, or dominions, or principalities, or powers: all things were created by him, and for him: (Colossians 1:16)

"him" -the LORD Jesus Christ

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And I will make thee swear by the LORD, the God of heaven, and the God of the earth, that thou shalt not take a wife unto my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, among whom I dwell: $(Genesis _{243})$

The Canaanites were cursed.

And he said, Cursed be Canaan; a servant of servants shall he be unto his brethren. $_{\rm (Genesis\,9:25)}$

... it would have been utterly inconsistent ... to have united the child and heir of the promise with one who was under a curse (*Vdam Clark's Cammentary on the fible - Genessis* <u>14</u>)

The Bride of Isaac

But thou shalt go unto my country, and to my kindred, and take a wife unto my son Isaac. (Genesis 24:4)

The kindred of Abraham were Shemites, Hebrews, and still retained some knowledge of the true God, and some reverence for him and his will. (Albert Barnes' Notes on the Bible - Genesis 24:1-9)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And the servant said unto him, Peradventure the woman will not be willing to follow me unto this land: must I needs bring thy son again unto the land from whence thou camest? And Abraham said unto him, Beware thou that thou bring not my son thither again. The LORD God of heaven, which took me from my father's house, and from the land of my kindred, and which spake unto me, and that sware unto me, saying, Unto thy seed will I give this land; he shall send his angel before thee, and thou shalt take a wife unto my son from thence. And if the woman will not be willing to follow thee, then thou shalt be clear from this my oath: only bring not my son thither again. (Genesis:42-8)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And the servant took ten camels of the camels of his master, and departed; for all the goods of his master were in his hand: and he arose, and went to Mesopotamia, unto the city of Nahor. (Genesis 2430)

This was a large caravan – no expense was spared

And the servant brought forth jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment, and gave them to Rebekah: he gave also to her brother [Laban] and to her mother precious things. (Genesis 2453)

The Bride of Isaac

And he made his camels to kneel down without the city by a well of water at the time of the evening, even the time that women go out to draw water. (Genesis 24:11)

A distance of 450 miles is covered between vv. 10-11

According to Rashi's <u>rabbinic imagination</u>, the servant arrived in Haran the same day he left because God shrunk the world for him.* [®]

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And he said, O LORD God of my master Abraham, I pray thee, send me good speed this day, and shew kindness unto my master Abraham. Behold, I stand here by the well of water; and the daughters of the men of the city come out to draw water: And let it come to pass, that the damsel to whom I shall say, Let down thy pitcher, I pray thee, that I may drink; and she shall say, Drink, and I will give thy camels drink also: let the same be she that thou hast appointed for thy servers 1

appointed for thy servant Isaac; and thereby shall I know that thou hast shewed kindness unto my master. (Genesis 2402

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And it came to pass, before he had done speaking, that, behold, Rebekah came out, who was born to Bethuel, son of Milcah, the wife of Nahor, Abraham's brother, with her pitcherupon her shoulder. And the damsel was very fair to look upon, a virgin, neither had any man known her; and she went down to the well, and filled her pitcher, and came up. And the servant ran to meet her, and said, Let me, I pray thee, drink a little water of thy pitcher. (Genesis 24,15-17)

"virgin" - b^ethûlâh - not 'almâh, i.e., a young woman

The Bride of Isaac

And she said, Drink, my lord: and she hasted, and let down her pitcher upon her hand, and gave him drink. And when she had done giving him drink, she said, I will draw water for thy camels also, until they have done drinking. And she hasted, and emptied her pitcher into the trough, and ran again unto the well to draw water, and drew for all his camels. (Genesis 24:8-20)

That was a lot of work to water a whole caravan of camels!

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And the man wondering at her held his peace, to wit whether the LORD had made his journey prosperous or not. (Genesis 24:21)

"wondering" - shâ'âh – to stun, to be astonished

"held his peace" - *chârash* - to *be silent, let alone,* to *be deaf,* i.e., to leave off speaking

"to wit" – yâda' - "to know"

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

The servant seeks direction from God

He is specific with his request

He takes action (he ran to meet her, v. 17)

He confirms that *this* is God's answer: "And the man bowed down his head, and worshipped the LORD" (Genesis 24:26).
Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And he said, Blessed be the LORD God of my master Abraham, who hath not left destitute my master of his mercy and his truth: I being in the way, the LORD led me to the house of my master's brethren. (Genesis 2427)

"way" - *derek – a road*, figuratively a *course of life* or *mode* of action

i.e., he was actively pursuing God's will when God responded

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

The servant meets with the family (vv. 28-32)

He informs them of his mission (vv. 33-49)

He testifies of his master's riches (vv. 34-35)

Rebekah had a choice: "And they called Rebekah, and said unto her, Wilt thou go with this man? And she said, I will go." (Genesis 24:58).

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And Rebekah arose, and her damsels, and they rode upon the camels, and followed the man: and the servant took Rebekah, and went his way. And Isaac came from the way of the well Lahairoi; for he dwelt in the south country. And Isaac went out to meditate in the field at the eventide: and he lifted up his eyes, and saw, and, behold, the camels were coming. (Genesis 24:61-63)

"Lahairoi" - well of a living (One) my Seer; where the Angel of the Lord met with Hagar

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And Rebekah arose, and her damsels, and they rode upon the camels, and followed the man: and the servant took Rebekah, and went his way. And Isaac came from the way of the well Lahairoi; for he dwelt in the south country. And Isaac went out to meditate in the field at the eventide: and he lifted up his eyes, and saw, and, behold, the camels were coming. (Genesis 24:61-63)

The "meditation" certainly included prayer, and it is permissible to infer from this, both that isaac was a deeply spiritual man, to whom prayer and meditation were habitual and also that one of the main thoughts that occupied his meditations was his coming bride."

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And Rebekah lifted up her eyes, and when she saw Isaac, she lighted off the camel. For she had said unto the servant, What man is this that walketh in the field to meet us? And the servant had said, It is my master: therefore she took a vail, and covered herself. (Genesis 24:64-65)

"lighted" - nâphal – to fall

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

And the servant told Isaac all things that he had done. And Isaac brought her into his mother Sarah's tent, and took Rebekah, and she became his wife; and he loved her: and Isaac was comforted after his mother's death. (Genesis 24:66-67)



Rebekah corresponds to the Church, the Bride of Christ

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

In the symbolic parallel, the servan dispatched by Abraham to seek a bride for his son becomes the Holy Spirit, sent by the Heavenly Father to find and bring the heavenly Bride, the Church, to His Son

But the Comforter, which is the Holy Chost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you. (John 1426)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide ou into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoeverhe shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come. He shall glorify me: for he shall receive of mine, and shall shew it unto you. (John 1613-14)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

After she [the Church] accepts the invitation, the Spirit, like Abraham's servant, guides the Bride through the wilderness to join the Bridegroom when he comes out to meet her at the end of the journey. (THMSB, 78)

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

The Holy Spirit is sent to convict and convince the wouldbe bride of the advantages that await her

She must leave her world behind and travel to a new country where the bridegroom awaits

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit withal. For to one is given by the Spirit the word of wisdom; to another the word of knowledge by the same Spirit; To another faith by the same Spirit; to another the gifts of healing by the same Spirit; To another the working of miracles; to another prophecy; to another discerning of spirits; to another divers kinds of tongues; to another the interpretation of tongues: But all these worketh that one and the selfcame Spirit, dividing to every man severally as he will. (t Comithians12771) Christ in the Life of Abraham The Bride of Isaac

The Holy Spirit has gifts for the bride

Along the way, He provides guidance, instruction, encouragement and companionship for the journey

Christ in the Life of Abraham

The Bride of Isaac

Let us be glad and rejoice, and give honour to him: for the marriage of the Lamb is come, and his wife hath made herself ready. And to her was granted that she should be arrayed in fine linen, clean and white: for the fine linen is the righteousness of saints. (Revelation1927-8)









Backdrop...

Then again Abraham took a wife, and her name was Keturah. And she bare him Zimran, and Jokshan, and Medan, and Midian, and Ishbak, and Shuah. (Genesis 25:1-2)

Six sons

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob Backdrop...

And these *are* the days of the years of Abraham's life which he lived, an hundred threescore and fifteen [175] years. Then Abraham gave up the niteen [175] years. Then Abraham gave up the ghost, and died in a good old age, an old man, and full of years; and was gathered to his people.

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Backdrop...

And his sons Isaac and Ishmael buried him in the cave of Machpelah, in the field of Ephron the son of Zohar the Hittite, which is before Mamre; The field which Abraham purchased of the sons of Heth: there was Abraham buried, and Sarah his wife. (Genesis 25:9-10)

Isaac would have been around 75 years old Ishmael would have been around 90 years old Esau and Jacob would have been around 15 years old

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And Isaac was forty years old when he took Rebekah to wife, the daughter of Bethuel the Syrian of Padanaram, the sister to Laban the Syrian. And Isaac intreated the LORD for his wife, because she was barren: and the LORD was intreated of him, and Rebekah his wife conceived (Genesis2520-21)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And when her days to be delivered were fulfilled, behold, there were twins in her womb. And the first came out red, all over like an hairy garment; and they called his name Esau. And after that came his brother out, and his hand took hold on Esau's heel; and his name was called Jacob: and Isaac was threescore [60] years old when she bare them. (Genesis 25:24-26)

It was 20 years before God answered Isaac's prayer

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And there was a famine in the land, beside the first famine that was in the days of Abraham. And Isaac went unto Abimelech king of the Philistines unto Gerar. (Genesis 261)

"Abimelech" - 'abiymelek – father king or father of the king

Not the same Abimelech Abraham encountered – Genesis 20:1-2

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And the LORD appeared unto him, and said, Go not down into Egypt; dwell in the land which I shall tell thee of: (Genesis 26:2)

"appeared" - râ'âh - to see

This is a physical appearance, not a "vision"

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

In Genesis this word $[r\hat{a}^{i}\hat{a}h]$ describes divine appearances to the patriarchs (called theophanies), whether literally or in a dream. Apparently the Lord took visible, human form when revealing himself [sic] in this way (Gen. 18:1-2; 28:13). In each instance he affirmed his promise to bless Abraham and his descendants.*

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

Sojourn in this land, and I will be with thee, and will bless thee; for unto thee, and unto thy seed, I will give all these countries, and I will perform the oath which I sware unto Abraham thy father; And I will make thy seed to multiply as the stars of heaven, and will give unto thy seed all these countries; and in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed;

Because that Abraham obeyed my voice, and kept my charge, my commandments, my statutes, and my laws. (Genesis 26:3-5)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

- This is a physical appearance (*ra'ah*)
- God promises His presence and provision
- God reaffirms the promise of the land (vv. 2b-3)
- He reaffirms the promise of posterity (v. 4)
- He reaffirms the promise of Messiah (v. 4)
- God's unconditional promise was made to Abraham (v. 5)

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And Isaac dwelt in Gerar: And the men of the place asked him of his wife; and he said, She is my sister: for <u>he feared</u> to say, She is my wife; lest, said he, the men of the place should kill me for Rebekah; because she was fair to look upon. (Genesis 266-7)

Isaac soon forgot God's promise, "I will be with thee"

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And Abimelech charged all his people, saying, He that toucheth this man or his wife shall surely be put to death. Then Isaac sowed in that land, and received in the same year an hundredfold: and the LORD blessed him. And the man waxed great, and went forward, and grew until he became very great: (Genesis 26:11-3)

God did not forget His promise "I will be with thee, and will bless thee"

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And he went up from thence to Beersheba. And the LORD appeared $[r\hat{a}'\hat{a}h]$ unto him the same night, and said, 1 am the God of Abraham thy father: fear not, for I am with thee, and will bless thee, and multiply thy seed for my servant <u>Abraham's sake</u>. (Genesis 26:32-24)

God reafirms the same unconditional promise given to Abraham

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The LORD Appears Twice to Isaac

And he builded an altar there, and called upon the name of the LORD, and pitched his tent there: and there Isaac's servants digged a well.

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Isaac Makes the Faith Hall of Fame

By faith Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau concerning things to come. (Hebrews II:20)

"things to come" to his posterity

More importantly, "things to come" in blessing all the nations of the earth, i.e., the Messiah



God's Choice

And the LORD said unto her, Two nations are in thy womb, and two manner of people shall be separated from thy bowels; and the one people shall be stronger than the other people; and the elder shall serve the younger. (Genesis 25:23)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

God's Choice

And when her days to be delivered were fulfilled, behold, there were twins in her womb. And the first came out red, all over like an hairy garment; and they called his name **Esau**. And after that came his brotherout, and his hand took hold on Esau's heel; and his name was called **Jacob**: and Isaac was threescore years old when she bare them. (Genesis 32:42-26)

The elder, Esau, shall serve the younger, Jacob

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Parents' Choice

And the boys grew: and Esau was a cunning hunter, a man of the field; and Jacob was a plain man, dwelling in tents. And Isaac loved Esau, because he did eat of his venison: but Rebekah loved Jacob. (Genesis 25:27-28)

"plain" - tâm – complete; usually (morally) pious; specifically*gentle, dear*:- coupled together, perfect, plain, undefiled, upright



Jacob's Preemption

And Jacob said, Sell me this day thy birthright. And Esau said, Behold, I am at the point to die: and what profit shall this birthright do to me? And Jacob said, Swear to me this day; and he sware unto him: and he sold his birthright unto Jacob. Then Jacob gave Esau bread and pottage of lentiles; and he did eat and drink, and rose up, and went his way: thus Esau despised his birthright. (Genesis 25:31-34)

"despised" - bâzâh - to regard with contempt

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Jacob's Preemption

The birthright customarily involved a double portion of the inheritance (Deuteronomy 21:17), but this privilege also involved the spiritual leadership of the family. <u>Esau</u> <u>desired the first but not the second</u>. In any case, the father was responsible to transfer the birthright to a more deserving son if necessary (I Chronicles 5:1,2), and Isaac should have long since made it clear that it was to go to Jacob. (THMSB, 80)

Jacob's Preemption

[Jacob], appalled at the thought of a carnal profligate like Esau having the spiritual responsibilities of the birthright, offered to purchase it from him, perhaps initially in jest. However, Esau agreed to the absurd bargain, thus making it still clearer that he was unqualified. (THMSB, 80)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Jacob's Preemption

Jacob, of course, should have simply trusted God to work things out according to His will and promise, rather than trying to devise his own means for getting this accomplished. Jacob's sin, however, was simply that of insufficient faith and patience and, since he meant it for good, could more easily be forgiven. (THMSB,81)

Legal tablets found at Nuzi in Syria stipulate that an heir could sell any or all of his inheritance to a brother. (THMSB, 81)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Rebekah's Preemption

And it came to pass, that when Isaac was old, and his eyes were dim, so that he could not see, he called Esau his eldest son, and said unto him, My son: and he said unto him, Behold, here am I ... make me savoury meat, such as I love, and bring it to me, that I may eat; that my soul may bless thee before I die (Genesis 273.4)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Rebekah's Preemption

This was in clear violation of the revelation given to Rebekah in 25:23. God had already revealed that Jacob would be the one to carry on the line; therefore, the patriarchal blessing rightfully belonged to Jacob, not Esau. Furthermore, Esau had already sold the birthright, and whoever had the birthright was supposed to get the patriarchal blessing ... What did Isaac want out of this? He wanted venison. So great a blessing for so low a fee revealed Isaac's attitude. Esau sold his birthright for a bowl of soup; Isaac was willing to misdirect the patriarchal blessing for one venison meal.* (Genesis 27:6, 9:10)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Rebekah's Preemption

And Rebekah spake unto Jacob her son, saying, Behold, I heard thy father speak unto Esau thy brother, ... Go now to the flock, and fetch me from thence two good kids of the goats; and I will make them savoury meat for thy father, such as he loveth: And thou shalt bring it to thy father, that he may eat, and that he may bless thee before his death. (Genesis 27:6.9-10)



Isaac's Blessing to Jacob

Therefore God give thee of the dew of heaven, and the fatness of the earth, and plenty of corn and wine: down to thee: be lord over thy brethren, and let thy mother's sons bow down to thee: cursed be everyone that curseth thee, and blessed be he that blesseth thee. (Genesis 27:28-29)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Was Chr

- The Birthright: the material possessions of the father, the inheritance, bestowed on the son Israel has NEVER possessed all the land promised
- The <mark>Blessing:</mark> the intangible pronouncement of well being that could only be delivered by the hand of God
- The prophetic birthright & blessing apply to Ch not to Israel /Jacob

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Was Christ

- Neither have "people served" her or "nations bowed down" to her even at her zenith during Solomon's reign
- This pronouncement can only apply to Christ It is Christ who will be Lord over His brethren
- Consider the implication: "cursed be every one that curseth thee, and blessed be he that blesseth thee." blesseth the

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Was Christ

And he hath on his vesture and on his thigh a name written, KING OF KINGS, AND LORD OF LORDS. (Revelation 1916)

And the nations of them which are saved shall walk in the light of it: and the kings of the earth do bring their glory and honour into it. (Revelation 21:24)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Was Christ

- the blessing was more significant than the birthright
- Jacob could have done without the birthright
- the <mark>blessing</mark> had already been bestowed upon him by God
- It was through Jacob that the Redeemer would come

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Got to Run!

And when Esau heard the words of his father, he cried with a great and exceeding bitter cry, and said unto his father, Bless me, even me also, O my father. And he said, Thy brother came with subtilty, and hath taken away thy blessing. (Genesis ^{2734'35)}

Got to Run!

And Esau hated Jacob because of the blessing wherewith his father blessed him: and Esau said in his heart, The days of mourning for my father are at hand; then will I slay my brother Jacob. And these words of Esau her elder son were told to Rebekah: and she sent and called Jacob her younger son, and said unto him, Behold, thy brother Esau, as touching thee, doth comfort himself, purposing to kill thee. (Genesis 27:41:42)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Got to Run!

Now therefore, my son, obey my voice; and arise, flee thou to Laban my brother to Haran; And tarry with him a few days, until thy brother's fury turn away; Until thy brother's anger turn away from thee, and he forget that which thou hast done to him: then I will send, and fetch thee from thence: why should I be deprived also of you both in one day? (Genesis 27:43-45)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Isaac's Final Blessing

And Isaac called Jacob, and blessed him, and charged him, and said unto him, Thou shalt not take a wife of the daughters of Canaan. Arise, go to Padanaram, to the house of Bethuel thy mother's father; and take thee a wife from thence of the daughters of Laban thy mother's brother. (Genesis28:r-2)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Isaac's Final Blessing

And God Almighty bless thee, and make thee fruitful, and multiply thee, that thou mayest be a multitude of people; (Genesis 28:3)

"<mark>God Almighty</mark>" - *'êl shadday* – God, the All-Powerful One

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Isaac's Final Blessing

And give thee the blessing of Abraham, to thee, and to thy seed with thee; that thou mayest inherit the land wherein thou art a stranger, which God gave unto Abraham. And Isaac sent away Jacob: and he went to Padanaram unto Laban, son of Bethuel the Syrian, the brother of Rebekah, Jacob's and Esau's mother. (Genesis 28:4-5)



Jacob's Ladder

And, behold, the ORD stood above it, and said, in the LORD Go of Abraham thy father, and the Go of Isaac: the land whereon thou liest, to the will in the same it, and to thy seed; And thy seed shall be as the dust of the earth, and thou shalt spread abroad to the west, and to the east, and to the north, and to the south: and seed shall all the families of the earth be blessed. (Genesis 2813-14)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

- The "ladder" or "stairway" represents Christ the only "way" by whom we have access to heaven (John 146)
- His "pillows" (v. n) are also symbolic of Chris
- They gave him comfort, support and rest
- Christ is our Cornerstone and the Rock of our Salvation
- "The stone which the builders refused is become the head stone of the corner." (Psalm 118:22)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Therefore thus saith the Lord GOD, Behold, I lay in Zion for a foundation a stone, a tried stone, a precious corner stone, a sure foundation : he that believeth shall not make haste (Isaiah 28:16)

Now therefore ye are no more strangers and foreigners, but fellowcitizens with the saints, and of the household of God; And are built upon the foundation of the apostles and prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the chief corner stone (Robeims 200-20)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

And Jacob awaked out of his sleep, and he said, Surely the LORD is in this place; and I knew it not. And he was afraid, and said, How dreadful is this place! this is none other but the house of God, and this is the gate of heaven. (Genesis 28:16-17)

"**afraid**"/ "**dreadful**" - *yârê*' - to *fear*; morally to *revere*; causatively to *frighten*

"house of God" – bayith 'ĕlôhîym - Bethel

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

And he called the name of that place Bethel: but the name of that city was called Luz at the first. And Jacob vowed a vow, saying, If God will be with me, and will keep me in this way that I go, and will give me bread to eat, and raiment to put on, So that I come again to my father's house in peace; then shall the LORD be my God: And this stone, which I have set for a pillar, shall be God's house: and of all that thou shalt give me I will surely give the tenth unto thee. (Genesis 28:19-22)



Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

 $Jacob indentures himself \ for 7 years to his uncle for \\ \underline{Rachael}_{(Genesis 29:18)}$

Laban deceives him, gives him Leah instead of Rachael (Genesis 29:23-25)

Jacob agrees to work another 7 years for Rachael (Genesis 29:27-30)

Jacob is prolific and prosperous

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

Children of Leah: Ruben (1), Simeon (2), Levi (3), Judah (4), Issachar (9), Zebulun (10), Dinah

Children of Bilah (Rachael's handmaid): Dan (5), Naphtali (6)

Children of Zilpah (Leah's handmaid): Gad (7), Asher (8)

Children of <mark>Rachael</mark>: Joseph (11), Benjamin (12 – born between Bethel and Bethlehem – Rachael dies giving birth – Genesis 35:16-19)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

Jacob worked 14 years for Rachael

He worked an additional 6 years to build his flocks

After 20 years of working for Laban, it was time to leave

And the LORD said unto Jacob, Return unto the land of thy fathers, and to thy kindred; and I will be with thee.

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

Laban objected to Jacob's departure (Genesis 31:23)

Laban had prospered because of Jacob

"I have learned by experience that the LORD hath blessed me for thy sake" (Genesis 30:27)

And the man [Jacob] increased exceedingly, and had much cattle, and maidservants, and menservants, and camels, and asses. (Genesis 30:43)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

And the angel of God spake unto me in a dream, saying, Jacob: And I said, Here am I. (Genesis 31:11)

I am the God of Bethel, where thou anointedst the pillar, and where thou would a now into me : now arise, get thee out from this land, and return unto the land of thy kindred. (Genesis 31:13)

Then Jacob rose up, and set his sons and his wives upon camels; And he carried away all his cattle, and all his goods which he had gotten ... (Genesis 3127-18)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

And [Laban] took his brethren with him, and pursued after [Jacob] seven days' journey; and they overtook him in the mount Gilead. (Genesis 31:23)

And **Sout come to Labar** the Syrian in a dream by night, and said unto him, Take heed that thou speak not to Jacob either good or bad. (Genesis 31:24)

That settled, Jacob faced a greater obstacle ... Esau

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Long Story, Short ...

And Jacob went on his way, and the angels of God met him. And when Jacob saw them, he said, This is God's host: and he called the name of that place Mahanaim. (Genesis 32:1-2)

"angels of God" - mal'âk 'ĕlôhîym

"host" - machăneh – an encampment

"Mahanaim" - *machănayim* – a double camp



Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

• This "man" is Christ

- He changes Jacob's name to "Israel"
- "And he said, Thy name shall be called no more Jacob, but Israel: for as a prince hast thou power with God and with men, and hast prevailed." (Genesis 3228)
- "One Who Fights Victoriously With God"
 The "man" spoke by His own authority

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

And Jacob asked him, and said, Tell me, I pray thee, thy name. And he said, Wherefore is it that thou dost ask after my name? And he blessed him there. And Jacob called the name of the place Peniel: for I have seen God face to face, and my life is preserved. (Genesis 32:29-30)

"Peniel" – *penîy'êl* – face of God

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Jacob had seen God in human form as the preincarnate Christ

And Manoah said unto his wife, We shall surely die, because we have seen God. (Judges 13:22)

No man hath seen God [as He is] at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him." (John18)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Trouble in Canaan

The meeting with Esau went well (Genesis 33:15-16)

Jacob (Israel) settled near Shalem in Shechem (Genesis 33::8)

He erected an altar & named it Elelohe-Israel meaning "The Mighty God of Israel" (Genesis 33:20)

> Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Trouble in Canaan

Shechem, prince and son of Hamor raped Dinah (Genesis 34:2)

Simeon and Levi plotted revenge against the city (Genesis 34:14-

While the men were incapacitated, they entered the city and killed every man and plundered the city (Genesis 34:25-29)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Trouble in Canaan

Jacob was not pleased ...

And Jacob said to Simeon and Levi, Ye have troubled me to make me to stink among the inhabitants of the land, among the Canaanites and the Perizzites: and I being few in number, they shall gather themselves together against me, and slay me; and I shall be destroyed, I and my house. (Genesis 34:30)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

Trouble in Canaan

Once again, Jacob seems to have forgotten God's promise

And God said unto Jacob, Arise, go up to Bethel, and dwell there: and make there an altar unto God, that appeared unto thee when thou fleddest from the face of Esau thy brother. (Genesis 35:1)

Sometimes we just need to return to the House of God

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Reaffirmed

And God appeared unto Jacob again, when he came out of Padanaram, and blessed him. And God said unto him, Thy name is Jacob: thy name shall not be called any more Jacob, but Israel shall be thy name: and he called his name Israel. (Genesis 35:9-10)

"appeared" - râ'âh - to see; not a vision

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Reaffirmed

And God said unto him, I am God Almighty: be fruitful and multiply; <u>a nation and a company of nations</u> shall be of thee, and kings shall come out of thy loins; And the land which I gave Abraham and Isaac, to thee I will give it, and to thy seed after thee will I give the land. (Genesis 35:11-12)

"a nation," i.e., the nation of Israel "a company of nations," i.e., the "twelve tribes" of Israel

The Promise Reaffirmed

And God went up form him in the place where he talked with him. And Jacob set up a pillar in the place where he talked with him, even a pillar of stone: and he poured a drink offering thereon, and he poured oil thereon. And Jacob called the name of the place where God spake with him, Bethel. (Genesis 35:13-15)

Christ in the Lives of Isaac and Jacob

The Promise Reaffirmed

Last record of God making a personal appearance to Jacob

The next time God appears in a vision (Genesis 46:2-4)

Life for Jacob and his tribe of twelve continued, but the remained in the second secon







But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. (Genesis 5020)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And God remembered Rachel, and God hearkened to her, and opened her womb. And she conceived, and bare a son; and said, God hath taken away my reproach: And she called his name Joseph; and said, The LORD shall add to me another son. (Genesis 30:22:24)

"<mark>remembered</mark>" - <mark>zâkar</mark> - to *mark* (so as to be recognized) God does not "remember;" He "knows"

Lo, children are an heritage of the LORD: and the fruit of the womb is his reward. $({\sf Psalm}_{127;3})$

"Joseph" - yôsêph – Yahweh has added





Now Israel loved Joseph more than all his children, because he was the son of his old age: and he made him a coat of many colours. (Genesis 37:3)

"Israel" – Jacob's God-given name

"loved Joseph more" also because he was his favorite wife, Rachael's, firstborn

"coat of many colors"- *pasim* - the *palm* (of the hand); *a long and sleeved* tunic. The implication is that it was a symbol of authority. Israel had placed Joseph over his brothers.

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And when his brethren saw that their father loved him more than all his brethren, they hated him, and could not speak peaceably unto him. (Genesis 37.4)

"Joseph, *being* seventeen years old" (v. 2)

This gave Joseph the right of the "firstborn"

His brothers being "senior" surely felt they were more deserving – Rubin *was* the firstborn

It did not help that when "the lad was with the sons of Bilhah, and with the sons of Zilpah, his father's wives: and Joseph brought unto his father their evil report. (v, z)



And he said unto them, Hear, I pray you, this dream which I have dreamed: For, behold, we were binding sheaves in the field, and, lo, my sheaf arose, and also stood upright; and, behold, your sheaves stood round about, and made obeisance to my sheaf. (Genesis 37:6-7)

"obeisance" - *shâchâh* - to *depress*, that is, *prostrate* (especiallyreflexively in homage to royalty or God)

Not particularly a wise move on Joseph's part!

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And he dreamed yet another dream, and told it his brethren, and said, Behold, I have dreamed a dream more; and, behold, the sun and the moon and the eleven stars made obeisance to me. (Genesis 379)



And he told it to his father, and to his brethren: and his fatherrebuked him, and said unto him, What is this dream that thou hast dreamed? Shall I and thy mother and thy brethren indeed come to bow down ourselves to thee to the earth? And his brethren envied him; but his fatherobserved the saying. (Genesis 37:0-11)

"envied" - qânâ' - to be jealous, or envious

"<mark>observed" - shâmar</mark> - to hedge about, that is, guard; generally to protect, attend to, etc.

Israel understood there was something to the dreams

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Israel sends Joseph to check on his brothers...

And Israel said unto Joseph, Do not thy brethren feed the flock in Shechem? come, and I will send thee unto them. And he said to him, Here am I. And he said to him, Go, I pray thee, see whether it be well with thy brethren, and well with the flocks; and bring me word again. So he sent him out of the vale of Hebron, and he came to Shechem. (Genesis7373-14)

Joseph is sent in his capacity as "chief steward"

Shechem – the place where Simeon and Levi slaughtered the men of Shalem (Genesis 34:25-29)

Christ in the Life of Joseph



And it came to pass, when Joseph was come unto his brethren, that they stript Joseph out of his coat, his coat of many colours that was on him; And they took him, and cast him into a pit: and the pit was empty, there was no water in it. (Genesis 37:23-24)



Then there passed by Midianites merchantmen; and they drew and lifted up Joseph out of the pit, and sold Joseph to the Ishmeelites for twenty pieces of silver: and they brought Joseph into Egypt. (Genesis 37:28)

"twenty pieces of silver" – the going price for a slave

In Jesus' day, the price had gone up to "thirty pieces of silver" (Zechariah 11:12-13; Matthew 26:14-15)



Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Judah finds a wife, Tamar, for his son, Er (38:6)

God kills Er because he is wicked, and he leaves no children $_{(\mathbf{38}7)}$

Judah tells his brother, Onan to take his place, but he does not want to raise "seed" to his brother, and God kills him $_{\rm (3810)}$

Judah's third son, Shelah, is too young, so Judah asks Tamar to wait until he is of age (38:11)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

In the meantime, Judah's wife, Shu'-ah, dies (38:12)

Tamar sees that Shelah is old enough, but Judah seems to have forgotten his promise ${}_{(3^{8:14})}$

Tamar disguises herself as a prostitute and lures Judah into her bed $_{(3^{\rm S:6})}$

Judah has no money to pay for the services, so he leaves a token to pay ${}_{(3^{8:16-18})}$

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Tamar conceives (38:18)

Judah returns to pay, but cannot find her (38:20-23)

Judah soon discovers that Tamar is pregnant and goes to challenge her $(_{38:24})$

Tamar reveals that Judah is the father (38:25-26)

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Tamar delivers twin boys (38:27)

She names one Pharez and the other Zarah $_{(38:29\text{-}30)}$

Now these are the generations of Pharez: Pharez Degat Hezron, And Hezron begat Ram, and Ram begat Amminadab, And Amminadab begat Nahshon, and Nahshon begat Salmon, And Salmon begat Boaz, and Boaz begat Obed, And Obed begat Jesse, and Jesse begat David. (Ruth 4:18-22)

Christ is in the line of David, Perez and Judah

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And Joseph was brought down to Egypt; and Potiphar, an officer of Pharaoh, captain of the guard, an Egyptian, bought him of the hands of the Ishmeelites, which had brought him down thither. And the LORD was with Joseph, and he was a prosperous man; and he was in the house of his master the Egyptian. (Genesis 39:1-2)

"officer" - *sâr*îys - From an unused root meaning to *castrate*; a *eunuch*

This probably explains Mrs. Potiphar's behavior

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And his master saw that the LORD was with him, and that the LORD made all that he did to prosper in his hand. And Joseph found grace in his sight, and he [Joseph] served him: and he [Potiphar] made him [Joseph] overseer over his house, and all that he [Potiphar] had he put into his [Joseph's] hand. (Genesis 393:4)

Potiphar had clear testimony that Joseph's success was because "the LORD was with him"

That should be our testimony also!

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And it came to pass from the time *that* he [Potiphar] had made him [Joseph] overseer in his house, and over all that he had, that the LORD blessed the Egyptian's house for Joseph's sake; and the blessing of the LORD was upon all that he had in the house, and in the field. And he left all that he had in Joseph's hand; and he knew not ought he had, save the bread which he did eat. And Joseph was *a* goodly person, and well favoured. (Genesis 39:5-6)

"<mark>goodly" - yâpheh tô'ar –</mark> beautiful + outline, that is, figure or appearance

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And it came to pass from the time *that* he [Potiphar] had made him [Joseph] overseer in his house, and over all that he had, that the LORD blessed the Egyptian's house for Joseph's sake; and the blessing of the LORD was upon all that he had in the house, and in the field. And he left all that he had in Joseph's hand; and he knew not ought he had, save the bread which he did eat. And Joseph was a goodly person, and well favoured. (Genesis 39:5-6)

"well favored" - yâpheh mar'eh - beautiful + a view, an appearance

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph was handsome!

And it came to pass after these things, that his master's wife cast hereyes upon Joseph; and she said, Lie with me. But he refused, and said unto his master's wife, Behold, my master wotteth not what is with me in the house, and he hath committed all that he hath to my hand; (Genesis 39:7-8)

"wotteth not" i.e., "my master is clueless"
Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph was handsome!

There is none greater in this house than 1; neither hath he kept back any thing from me but thee, because thou art his wife: how then can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? (Genesis 399)

This "<mark>sin</mark>" would be a betrayal of the trust Potiphar had placed on him

Ultimately, it was a "<mark>sin against God</mark>"

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Mrs. Potiphar was persistent

And it came to pass, as she spake to Joseph day by day, that he hearkened not unto her, to lie by her, or to be with her. And it came to pass about this time, that Joseph went into the house to do his business; and there was none of the men of the house there within. (Genesis 39:10-11)

This appears to be a setup, a trap

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And she caught him by his garment, saying, Lie with me: and he left his garment in her hand, and fled, and got him Out. (Genesis 39.12)

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned!* (Genesis 39:13-18)

She calls out to the men of the house (where were they before?)

She accuses Joseph of attempted rape

She keeps "garment" (covering) as evidence

She reports the "assault" to Potiphar

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

And it came to pass, when his master heard the words of his wife, which she spake unto him, saying, After this manner did thy servant to me; that his wrath was kindled. And Joseph's master took him, and put him into the prison, a place where the king's prisoners were bound: and he was there in the prison. (Genesis 39:39-30)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

Though nothing is said explicitly to this effect, one gets the impression that this was not the first of his wife's amorous adventures ... It almost seems that Potiphar also knew both his wife and Joseph too well to really believe he had heard the whole story.*

* Henry M.Morris, The Genesis Record, 560-561, 56

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

Potiphar was an officer of Pharaoh's and so this was actually under his authority. Furthermore he was the Captain of the Executioners, and so under Egyptian law he could have executed Joseph, but he did not. This may very well mean that he was not fully convinced of his wife's story.*

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Making lemonade...

But the LORD was with Joseph, and shewed him mercy, and gave him favour in the sight of the keeper of the prison. And the keeper of the prison committed to Joseph's hand all the prisoners that were in the prison; and whatsoever they did there, he was the doer of it. The keeper of the prison looked not to any thing that was under his hand; because the LORD was with him, and that which he did, the LORD made it to prosper. (Genesis 39:21-23)

"the keeper of the prison" was probably Potiphar

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40)

Pharaoh's butler (cupbearer) and baker land in prison (v. 1)

Both have dreams, which Joseph (through God) interprets $_{\rm (vv.\,5^{-19})}$

The butler would be restored to his former position, the baker would be beheaded.

Joseph asked the butler to remember him before Pharaoh

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

The butler soon forgot about Joseph (v. 23) until...

Pharaoh had two troubling dreams

And it came to pass at the end of two full years, that Pharaoh dreamed: and, behold, he stood by the river. (Genesis.413)

The butler remembered Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Pharaoh dreamed of 7 skinny cows coming up from the river and eating 7 fat cows $({}_{4!:2\mathcharmal{2}4})$

Then he dreamed of 7 full ears of corn eaten up by 7 thin ears (v_{7})

The butler tells Pharaoh about Joseph (vv, 9-13)

Pharaoh calls Joseph up from prison (v. 14)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Pharaoh tells Joseph about his dreams (41:15)

And Joseph answered Pharaoh, saying, It is not in me: God shall give Pharaoh an answer of peace. (Genesis 40:6)

And Joseph said unto Pharaoh, The dream of Pharaoh is one: God hath shewed Pharaoh what he is about to do. (Genesis 41:25)

There will be 7 years of plenty followed by 7 years of famine $(vv. \ _{29\mbox{-}31})$

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Joseph advises Pharaoh on what to do (41:33-36)

And the thing was good in the eyes of Pharaoh, and in the eyes of all his servants. (Genesis 41:37)

Pharaoh cannot think of a better man for the job than Joseph (Genesis 41:38-43)

And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, I *am* Pharaoh, and without thee shall no man lift up his hand or foot in all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 41144)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

And Joseph was thirty years old when he stood before Pharaoh king of Egypt. And Joseph went out from the presence of Pharaoh, and went throughout all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 41:46)

Joseph was second only to Pharaoh in Egypt

In the 7 years of plenty, grain was stored away

And the seven years of plenteousness, that was in the land of Egypt, were ended. (Genesis 41:53)



Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Now when Jacob saw that there was corn in Egypt, Jacob said unto his sons, Why do ye look one upon another? And he said, Behold, I have heard that there is corn in Egypt: get you down thither, and buy for us from thence; that we may live, and not die. And Joseph's ten brethren went down to buy corn in Egypt. (Genesis421:3)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And the sons of Israel came to buy corn among those that came: for the famine was in the land of Canaan. And Joseph was the governor over the land, and he it was that sold to all the people of the land: and Joseph's brethren came, and bowed down themselves before him with their faces to the earth. And Joseph saw his brethren, and he knew them, but made himself strange unto them, and spake roughly unto them; and he said unto them, Whence come ye? And they said, From the land of Canaan to buy food. (Genesis 42:5-7)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Jacob sends all of his sons, except Benjamin, to Egypt to by grain

They do not recognize Joseph, who was dressed as an Egyptian prince

They bow down to him fulfilling Joseph's dream

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Joseph recognizes them, but speaks roughly to them so as not to "tip his hand"

Joseph puts his brothers through a series of trials to see if they have any remorse for how they treated him

This exercise reflects the image of Christ in that he seeks their confession, repentance, and plea for forgiveness

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

In the end, the brothers confess their sin against Joseph and express their remorse

Joseph reveals himself to them

And Joseph said unto his brethren, 1 am Joseph; doth my father yet live? And his brethren could not answer him; for they were troubled at his presence. (Genesis 453)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And God sent me before you to preserve you a posterity in the earth, and to save your lives by a great deliverance. So now it was not you that sent me hither, but God: and he hath made me a father to Pharaoh, and lord of all his house, and a ruler throughout all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 457-8)

'<mark>father</mark>" - *'âb – father*; in the sense of a *ruler* or *chief*

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Haste ye, and go up to my father, and say unto him, Thus saith thy son Joseph, God hath made me lord of all Egypt: come down unto me, tarry not: And thou shalt dwell in the land of Goshen, and thou shalt be near unto me, thou, and thy children, and thy children's children, and thy flocks, and thy herds, and all that thou hast: And there will I nourish thee; for yet there are five years of famine; lest thou, and thy household, and all that thou hast, come to poverty. (Genesis 45:9-n)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

All the souls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his loins, besides Jacob's sons' wives, all the souls were threescore and six [66]; And the sons of Joseph, which were born him in Egypt, were two souls: all the souls of the house of Jacob, which came into Egypt, were threescore and ten [70]. (Genesis 46:26-27)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Then Joseph came and told Pharaoh, and said, My father and my brethren, and their flocks, and their herds, and all that they have, are come out of the land of Canaan; and, behold, they are in the land of Goshen. (Genesis 473)

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And Joseph brought in Jacob his father, and set him before Pharaoh: and Jacob blessed Pharaoh. And Pharaoh said unto Jacob, How old art thou? And Jacob said unto Pharaoh, The days of the years of my pilgrimage are an hundred and thirty years: few and evil have the days of the years of my life been, and have not attained unto the days of the years of the life of my fathers in the days of their pilgrimage. And Jacob blessed Pharaoh, and went out from before Pharaoh. (Genesis 47:7:10)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And Joseph placed his father and his brethren, and gave them a possession in the land of Egypt, in the best of the land, in the land of Rameses, as Pharaoh had commanded. And Joseph nourished his father, and his brethren, and all his father's household, with bread, according to their families. (Genesis 47:11-12)

And Jacob lived in the land of Egypt seventeen years: so the whole age of Jacob was an hundred forty and seven years. ($Gene_{47:28}$)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Jacob blesses Ephraim and Menasseh..

And he [Jacob] blessed Joseph, and said, God, before whom my fathers Abraham and Isaac did walk, the God which fed me all my life long unto this day. The Angel which redeemed me from all evil, bless the lads; and let my name be named on them, and the name of my fathers Abraham and Isaac; and let them grow into a multitude in the midst of the earth. (Genesis 4805-16)

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And when Jacob had made an end of commanding his sons, he gathered up his feet into the bed, and yielded up the ghost, and was gathered unto his people. (Genesis 49:33)

And when Joseph's brethren saw that their father was dead, they said, Joseph will peradventure hate us, and will certainly requite us all the evil which we did unto him. (Genesis 50:35)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And they sent a messenger unto Joseph, saying, Thy father did command before he died, saying, So shall ye say unto Joseph, Forgive, I pray thee now, the trespass of thy brethren, and their sin; for they did unto thee evil: and now, we pray thee, forgive the trespass of the servants of the God of thy father. And Joseph wept when they spake unto him. (Genesis 50:16-17)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And his brethren also went and fell down before his face; and they said, Behold, we be thy servants. And Joseph said unto them, Fear not: for am I in the place of God? But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. (Genesis 50:85-20)

Then said Jesus, Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do. And they parted his raiment, and cast lots. $({\rm Luke}_{23;34})$

Joseph Dies in Egypt

And Joseph said unto his brethren, I die: and God will surely visit you, and bring you out of this land unto the land which he sware to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob. And Joseph took an oath of the children of Israel, saying, God will surely visit you, and ye shall carry up my bones from hence. So Joseph died, being an hundred and ten years old: and they embalmed him, and he was put in a coffin in Egypt. (Genesis 50:24-26)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ

Many commentators avoid concluding that Joseph is a "type" of Christ

There is no such association made in the N.T.

There is no one in Scripture who is more like Christ in his person and experiences than Joseph. Yet nowhere in the New Testament is Joseph given to us as a type of Christ. However, the parallel cannot be accidental.* ¹ Verson McGee, Thru the Bible Vol. 4 147-148.

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Some Parallels

- Miraculous birth, albeit not a "virgin" birth
- Announced he would *rule* over his brothers
- Ridiculed for his message
- Sent by his father to his brothers
- Obeyed his father
- Hated by his brothers without cause
- Betrayed by his brothers

Some Parallels

- Sold for the going price of a slave (20 pieces of silver in Joseph's case; 30 pieces in Jesus')
- His brothers plotted to kill him
- Cast into a pit (grave) and raised up again
- Tempted but did not sin
- Had no sin attributed to him
- Joseph was "savior of the world" during the famine

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Some Parallels

- Was numbered with the transgressors
- Rejected by his brethren but accepted by Gentiles Became ruler over Egypt (second only to Pharaoh)
- Forgave his brothers
- Saved his family
- Brought his family to a better place

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología

On trial by the Sanhedrin, Stephen appeals to Jewish history as recorded in Scripture

Beginning with Abraham, Stephen recites their history to the current time following the crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus Christ

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

He also places special emphasis on two major characters in Israel's history:

Joseph and Moses (Acts 7:9-39)

Probably no one would argue that Moses is a "type" of Christ

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología - Acts 7

Moses said: "The LORD thy God will raise up unto thee a Prophet from the midst of thee, of thy brethren, like unto me; I will raise them up a Prophet from among their brethren, like unto thee, and will put my words in his mouth; and he shall speak unto the matched that shall command bin " (Dutageneous (Sec. 19.8)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

For Moses truly said unto the fathers, A prophet shall the Lord your God raise up unto you of your brethren, like unto me; him shall ye hear in all things whatsoever he shall say unto you. (Acts 3:22)

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

It could be argued that nowhere does the New Testament speak of Moses a "type" of Christ

Contrasts and comparisons are made, but

Nothing directly stating that Moses is a "type" of Christ

Most found in John's Gospel

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

For the law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ $({\sf John\, uar})$

And as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of man be lifted up $(John_{3:14})$

Then Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Moses gave you not that bread from heaven; but my Father giveth you the true bread from heaven (John 632)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología - Acts 7

Excellent comparisons between Moses and Jesus

Not irrefutable proof for typology

Along with allegorical comparisons from Moses' life in the O.T., they make a good case for Moses as a "type" of Christ

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen compares Joseph and Moses to Christ

Both "saviors" are unrecognized on the first meeting

In the case of <code>joseph</code>: "But when Jacob heard that there was corn in Egypt, he sent out our fathers first" ($Acts_{7/12}$)

In the case of Moses: "And when he was full forty years old, it came into his heart to visit his brethren the children of Israel" (Acts 7:23)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen compares Joseph and Moses to Christ

Both "saviors" are unrecognized until their second meeting

In the case of **Joseph**: "And at the second time Joseph was made known to his brethren; and Joseph's kindred was made known unto Pharaoh" (Acts₇₃₃)

In the case of Moses: "This Moses whom they refused ... the same did God send to be a ruler and a deliverer ... " (Acts₇₇₅)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

If A || B, and B || C, then A || C

A = Joseph, B = Moses, and C = Christ

If Joseph || Moses, and Moses || to Christ, then Joseph || Christ

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen draws a parallel between Joseph and Moses

He parallels both to Christ

If Moses serves as a "type" of Christ, then Joseph also serves

However, even if the argument for typology is rejected, Joseph's life strongly parallels and reflects the image of Christ

The Scepter and Judah



The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a lawgiver from between his feet, until Shiloh come; and unto him shall the gathering of the people be. (Genesis 4900)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

And Jacob called unto his sons, and said, Gather yourselves together, that I may tell you that which shall befall you in the last days. Gather yourselves together, and hear, ye sons of Jacob; and hearken unto Israel your father. (Genesis 49:1-2)

"the last days" - more of a prophecy about each son, or tribe, than it was a blessing

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

Judah, the when the better shall praise: thy hand shall be in the neck of thine enemies; children shall be when before the equation is a line s when : from the prey, my son, thou art gone up: he stooped down, he couched as a lion, and as an old lion; who shall rouse him up? (Genesis 49:8-9)

Ultimately, this prophecy, although it names Judah, applies to Jesus

The Scepter and Judah

His brethren, the Jews, i.e., Israel, will bow and praise Him

That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; And that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father. (Philippians 2:10-11)

The Scepter and Judah

Judah is a lion's whelp emphasizes vigor and nobility, successful in vanquishing his prey

And one of the elders saith unto me, Weep not: behold, the Lion of the tribe of Juda, the Root of David, hath prevailed to open the book, and to loose the seven seals thereof. (Revelation5:5)

The Scepter and Judah

His brethren, the Jews, i.e., Israel, will bow and praise Him

That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; And that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father. (Philippians 2:10-11)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a lawgiver from between his feet, intil Shiloh come; and into him shall the gathering of the people be. Binding his foal unto the vine, and his ass's colt unto the choice vine; he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes: His eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk. (Genesis 49:10-12)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"The sceptre" - *shêbet* - to *branch* off, a *scion*; the symbol of kingship

A "<mark>scion</mark>" can be a <mark>descendant</mark> or a <mark>shoot</mark> or twig

And there shall come forth a rod out of the stem of Jesse, and a Branch shall grow out of his roots: (Isaiahma)



Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"The sceptre" - shêbet - to branch off, a scion; the symbol of kingship

Behold, the days come, saith the LORD, that I will raise unto David a right constituent, and a King shall reign and prosper, and shall execute indement and justice in the earth. (Jeremiah 235)

The scepter is permanently assigned to Judah and will ultimately have its fulfillment in the millennial reign of Christ

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"until Shiloh come" - *shîylôh* - he whose it is, that which belongs to him

Judah's preeminence will continue until "Shiloh" comes

"Shiloh" is understood to speak of the messianic reign of Christ

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"Binding his foal unto the vine, and his ass's coll unto the choice vine"

According to the rabbis, who also take this verse to be messianic, the Messiah will be recognized as riding on an ass.*

Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion; shout, O daughter of Jerusalem: behold, having salvation; before the second provide the second provident of the s

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes"

These trodden the winepress alone; and of the people there was none with me: for I will tread them in mine anger, and trample them in my fury; and their blood shall be sprinkled uponny gaments, and twill string all my talmen. For the day of vengeance is in mine heart, and the year of my redeemed is come... And I will tread down the people in mine anger, and make them drunk in my fury, and I will bring down their strength to the earth. (Isaiah 633:4.6)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes"

And another angel came out from the altar, which had power over fire; and cried with a loud cry to him that had the sharp sickle, saying. Thrust in thy sharp sickle, and gather the clusters of the vine of the earth; for her grapes are fully ripe. And the angel thrust in his sickle into the earth, and gathered the vine of the earth, and cast it into the great winepress of the wrath of God. And the winepress was trodden without the city, and blood came out of the winepress, even unto the horse bridles, by the space of a thousand and six hundred furlongs. (Revelation1438-20)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"His eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk"

Probably a better rendering would be "red *as* wine and his teeth white <u>as</u> milk."

The "emphasis is on abundance, not only the abundance of grapes but also the abundance of milk, dairy products."*

The Scepter and Judah

The blessing of Judah in Genesis 49:8-12 undeniably presents the image of Christ and points to His ultimate reign on earth

The blessing and the promise to Judah is that Messiah will come through his line

And the seventh angel sounded; and there were great voices in heaven, saying, The kingdoms of this world







But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. (Genesis 50:20)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And God remembered Rachel, and God hearkened to her, and opened her womb. And she conceived, and bare a son; and said, God hath taken away my reproach: And she called his name Joseph; and said, The LORD shall add to me anotherson. (Genesis 30:22-24)

"<mark>remembered</mark>" - <mark>zâkar</mark> - to *mark* (so as to be recognized) God does not "remember;" He "knows"

Lo, children are an heritage of the LORD: and the fruit of the womb is his reward. $({\sf Psalm}_{127;3})$

"Joseph" - yôsêph – Yahweh has added



Now Israel loved Joseph more than all his children, because he was the son of his old age: and he made him a coat of many colours. (Genesis 37:3)

"Israel" – Jacob's God-given name

"loved Joseph more" also because he was his favorite wife, Rachael's, firstborn

"coat of many colors"- *pasim* – the *palm* (of the hand); *a long and sleeved* tunic. The implication is that it was a symbol of authority. Israel had placed Joseph over his brothers.

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And when his brethren saw that their father loved him more than all his brethren, they hated him, and could not speak peaceably unto him. (Genesis 37.4)

"Joseph, *being* seventeen years old" (v. 2)

This gave Joseph the right of the "firstborn"

His brothers being "senior" surely felt they were more deserving – Rubin *was* the firstborn

It did not help that when "the lad was with the sons of Bilhah, and with the sons of Zilpah, his father's wives: and Joseph brought unto his father their evil report. (v, z)



And he said unto them, Hear, I pray you, this dream which I have dreamed: For, behold, we were binding sheaves in the field, and, lo, my sheaf arose, and also stood upright; and, behold, your sheaves stood round about, and made obeisance to my sheaf. (Genesis 37:6-7)

"obeisance" - *shâchâh* - to *depress*, that is, *prostrate* (especiallyreflexively in homage to royaltyor God)

Not particularly a wise move on Joseph's part!

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And he dreamed yet another dream, and told it his brethren, and said, Behold, I have dreamed a dream more; and, behold, the sun and the moon and the eleven stars made obeisance to me. (Genesis 379)



Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And he told it to his father, and to his brethren: and his fatherrebuked him, and said unto him, What is this dream that thou hast dreamed? Shall I and thy mother and thy brethren indeed come to bow down ourselves to thee to the earth? And his brethren envied him; but his fatherobserved the saying. (Genesis 37:0-11)

"envied" - gânâ' - to be jealous, or envious

"<mark>observed"- shâmar</mark> - to hedge about, that is, guard; generally to protect, attend to, etc.

Israel understood there was something to the dreams

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Israel sends Joseph to check on his brothers...

And Israel said unto Joseph, Do not thy brethren feed the flock in Shechem? come, and I will send thee unto them. And he said to him, Here am I. And he said to him, Go, I pray thee, see whether it be well with thy brethren, and well with the flocks; and bring me word again. So he sent him out of the vale of Hebron, and he came to Shechem. (Genesis2713-14)

Joseph is sent in his capacity as "chief steward"

Shechem – the place where Simeon and Levi slaughtered the men of Shalem (Genesis 34:25-29)

Christ in the Life of Joseph



And it came to pass, when Joseph was come unto his brethren, that they stript Joseph out of his coat, his coat of many colours that was on him; And they took him, and cast him into a pit: and the pit was empty, there was no water in it. (Genesis 37:23-24)



Then there passed by Midianites merchantmen; and they drew and lifted up Joseph out of the pit, and sold Joseph to the Ishmeelites for twenty pieces of silver: and they brought Joseph into Egypt. (Genesis 37:28)

"twenty pieces of silver" – the going price for a slave

In Jesus' day, the price had gone up to "thirty pieces of silver" (Zechariah 11:12-13; Matthew 26:14-15)



Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Judah finds a wife, Tamar, for his son, Er (38:6)

God kills Er because he is wicked, and he leaves no children $_{(\mathbf{38}7)}$

Judah tells his brother, Onan to take his place, but he does not want to raise "seed" to his brother, and God kills him $_{\rm (3810)}$

Judah's third son, Shelah, is too young, so Judah asks Tamar to wait until he is of age (38:11)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

In the meantime, Judah's wife, Shu'-ah, dies (38:12)

Tamar sees that Shelah is old enough, but Judah seems to have forgotten his promise ${}_{(3^{8:14})}$

Tamar disguises herself as a prostitute and lures Judah into her bed $_{(3^{\rm S:6})}$

Judah has no money to pay for the services, so he leaves a token to pay ${}_{(3^{8:16-18})}$

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Tamar conceives (38:18)

Judah returns to pay, but cannot find her (38:20-23)

Judah soon discovers that Tamar is pregnant and goes to challenge her $(_{38:24})$

Tamar reveals that Judah is the father (38:25-26)

Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Chapter 38 – A Parenthesis

Tamar delivers twin boys (38:27)

She names one Pharez and the other Zarah $_{(38:29\text{-}30)}$

Now these are the generations of Pharez: Pharez Degat Hezron, And Hezron begat Ram, and Ram begat Amminadab, And Amminadab begat Nahshon, and Nahshon begat Salmon, And Salmon begat Boaz, and Boaz begat Obed, And Obed begat Jesse, and Jesse begat David. (Ruth 4:18-22)

Christ is in the line of David, Perez and Judah

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And Joseph was brought down to Egypt; and Potiphar, an officer of Pharaoh, captain of the guard, an Egyptian, bought him of the hands of the Ishmeelites, which had brought him down thither. And the LORD was with Joseph, and he was a prosperous man; and he was in the house of his master the Egyptian. (Genesis 39:1-2)

"officer" - *sâr*îys - From an unused root meaning to *castrate*; a *eunuch*

This probably explains Mrs. Potiphar's behavior

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And his master saw that the LORD was with him, and that the LORD made all that he did to prosper in his hand. And Joseph found grace in his sight, and he [Joseph] served him: and he [Potiphar] made him [Joseph] overseer over his house, and all that he [Potiphar] had he put into his [Joseph's] hand. (Genesis 393:4)

Potiphar had clear testimony that Joseph's success was because "the LORD was with him"

That should be our testimony also!

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And it came to pass from the time *that* he [Potiphar] had made him [Joseph] overseer in his house, and over all that he had, that the LORD blessed the Egyptian's house for Joseph's sake; and the blessing of the LORD was upon all that he had in the house, and in the field. And he left all that he had in Joseph's hand; and he knew not ought he had, save the bread which he did eat. And Joseph was *a* goodly *person*, and well favoured. (Genesis 395-6)

"<mark>goodly" - yâpheh tô'ar</mark> – beautiful + outline, that is, figure or appearance

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

And it came to pass from the time *that* he [Potiphar] had made him [Joseph] overseer in his house, and over all that he had, that the LORD blessed the Egyptian's house for Joseph's sake; and the blessing of the LORD was upon all that he had in the house, and in the field. And he left all that he had in Joseph's hand; and he knew not ought he had, save the bread which he did eat. And Joseph was a goodly person, and well favoured. (Genesis 39:5-6)

"well favored" - yâpheh mar'eh - beautiful + a view, an appearance

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph was handsome!

And it came to pass after these things, that his master's wife cast hereyes upon Joseph; and she said, Lie with me. But he refused, and said unto his master's wife, Behold, my master wotteth not what is with me in the house, and he hath committed all that he hath to my hand; (Genesis 39:7-8)

"wotteth not" i.e., "my master is clueless"

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph was handsome!

There is none greater in this house than 1; neither hath he kept back any thing from me but thee, because thou art his wife: how then can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? (Genesis 399)

This "<mark>sin</mark>" would be a betrayal of the trust Potiphar had placed on him

Ultimately, it was a "sin against God"

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Mrs. Potiphar was persistent

And it came to pass, as she spake to Joseph day by day, that he hearkened not unto her, to lie by her, or to be with her. And it came to pass about this time, that Joseph went into the house to do his business; and there was none of the men of the house there within. (Genesis 39:10-11)

This appears to be a setup, a trap

Christ in the Life of Joseph

And she caught him by his garment, saying, Lie with me: and he left his garment in her hand, and fled, and got him out. (Genesis 39:12)

Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned!* (Genesis 39:13-18)

She calls out to the men of the house (where were they before?)

She accuses Joseph of attempted rape

She keeps "garment" (covering) as evidence

She reports the "assault" to Potiphar

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

And it came to pass, when his master heard the words of his wife, which she spake unto him, saying, After this manner did thy servant to me; that his wrath was kindled. And Joseph's master took him, and put him into the prison, a place where the king's prisoners were bound: and he was there in the prison. (Genesis 39:19-20)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

Though nothing is said explicitly to this effect, one gets the impression that this was not the first of his wife's amorous adventures ... It almost seems that Potiphar also knew both his wife and Joseph too well to really believe he had heard the whole story.*

* Henry M.Morris, The Genesis Record, 560-561, 56

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph's in a heap of trouble!

Potiphar was an officer of Pharaoh's and so this was actually under his authority. Furthermore he was the Captain of the Executioners, and so under Egyptian law he could have executed Joseph, but he did not. This may very well mean that he was not fully convinced of his wife's story.*

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Making lemonade...

But the LORD was with Joseph, and shewed him mercy, and gave him favour in the sight of the keeper of the prison. And the keeper of the prison committed to Joseph's hand all the prisoners that were in the prison; and whatsoever they did there, he was the doer of it. The keeper of the prison looked not to any thing that was under his hand; because the LORD was with him, and that which he did, the LORD made it to prosper. (Genesis 39:21-23)

"the keeper of the prison" was probably Potiphar

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40)

Pharaoh's butler (cupbearer) and baker land in prison (v. 1)

Both have dreams, which Joseph (through God) interprets $_{\rm (vv.\,5^{-19})}$

The butler would be restored to his former position, the baker would be beheaded.

Joseph asked the butler to remember him before Pharaoh

Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

The butler soon forgot about Joseph (v. 23) until...

Pharaoh had two troubling dreams

And it came to pass at the end of two full years, that Pharaoh dreamed: and, behold, he stood by the river. (Genesis 413)

The butler remembered Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Pharaoh dreamed of 7 skinny cows coming up from the river and eating 7 fat cows $({}_{4!:2\mathcharmal{2}4})$

Then he dreamed of 7 full ears of corn eaten up by 7 thin ears (v_{7})

The butler tells Pharaoh about Joseph (vv, 9-13)

Pharaoh calls Joseph up from prison (v. 14)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Pharaoh tells Joseph about his dreams (41:15)

And Joseph answered Pharaoh, saying, It is not in me: God shall give Pharaoh an answer of peace. (Genesis 40:6)

And Joseph said unto Pharaoh, The dream of Pharaoh is one: God hath shewed Pharaoh what he is about to do. (Genesis 41:25)

There will be 7 years of plenty followed by 7 years of famine $(vv. \ _{29\mbox{-}31})$

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

Joseph advises Pharaoh on what to do (41:33-36)

And the thing was good in the eyes of Pharaoh, and in the eyes of all his servants. (Genesis 41:37)

Pharaoh cannot think of a better man for the job than Joseph (Genesis 41:38-43)

And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, I *am* Pharaoh, and without thee shall no man lift up his hand or foot in all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 41144)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph's Saga Continues...

Joseph Gets a Break! (Genesis 40-41)

And Joseph was thirty years old when he stood before Pharaoh king of Egypt. And Joseph went out from the presence of Pharaoh, and went throughout all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 41:46)

Joseph was second only to Pharaoh in Egypt

In the 7 years of plenty, grain was stored away

And the seven years of plenteousness, that was in the land of Egypt, were ended. (Genesis 41:53)



Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Now when Jacob saw that there was corn in Egypt, Jacob said unto his sons, Why do ye look one upon another? And he said, Behold, I have heard that there is corn in Egypt: get you down thither, and buy for us from thence; that we may live, and not die. And Joseph's ten brethren went down to buy corn in Egypt. (Genesis421-3)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And the sons of Israel came to buy corn among those that came: for the famine was in the land of Canaan. And Joseph was the governor over the land, and he it was that sold to all the people of the land: and Joseph's brethren came, and bowed down themselves before him with their faces to the earth. And Joseph saw his brethren, and he knew them, but made himself strange unto them, and spake roughly unto them; and he said unto them, Whence come ye? And they said, From the land of Canaan to buy food. (Genesis 42:5-7)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Jacob sends all of his sons, except Benjamin, to Egypt to by grain

They do not recognize Joseph, who was dressed as an Egyptian prince

They bow down to him fulfilling Joseph's dream

Lesson 12: Christ in the Life of Joseph

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Joseph recognizes them, but speaks roughly to them so as not to "tip his hand"

Joseph puts his brothers through a series of trials to see if they have any remorse for how they treated him

This exercise reflects the image of Christ in that he seeks their confession, repentance, and plea for forgiveness

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

In the end, the brothers confess their sin against Joseph and express their remorse

Joseph reveals himself to them

And Joseph said unto his brethren, 1 am Joseph; doth my father yet live? And his brethren could not answer him; for they were troubled at his presence. (Genesis 453)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And God sent me before you to preserve you a posterity in the earth, and to save your lives by a great deliverance. So now it was not you that sent me hither, but God: and he hath made me a father to Pharaoh, and lord of all his house, and a ruler throughout all the land of Egypt. (Genesis 457-8)

'<mark>father</mark>" - *'âb – father*; in the sense of a *ruler* or *chief*
Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Haste ye, and go up to my father, and say unto him, Thus saith thy son Joseph, God hath made me lord of all Egypt: come down unto me, tarry not: And thou shalt dwell in the land of Goshen, and thou shalt be near unto me, thou, and thy children, and thy children's children, and thy flocks, and thy herds, and all that thou hast: And there will I nourish thee; for yet there are five years of famine; lest thou, and thy household, and all that thou hast, come to poverty. (Genesis 45:9-11)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

All the souls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his loins, besides Jacob's sons' wives, all the souls were threescore and six [66]; And the sons of Joseph, which were born him in Egypt, were two souls: all the souls of the house of Jacob, which came into Egypt, were threescore and ten [70]. (Genesis 46:26-27)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Then Joseph came and told Pharaoh, and said, My father and my brethren, and their flocks, and their herds, and all that they have, are come out of the land of Canaan; and, behold, they are in the land of Goshen. (Genesis 473)

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And Joseph brought in Jacob his father, and set him before Pharaoh: and Jacob blessed Pharaoh. And Pharaoh said unto Jacob, How old art thou? And Jacob said unto Pharaoh, The days of the years of my pilgrimage are an hundred and thirty years: few and evil have the days of the years of my life been, and have not attained unto the days of the years of the life of my fathers in the days of their pilgrimage. And Jacob blessed Pharaoh, and went out from before Pharaoh. (Genesis 477-10)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

And Joseph placed his father and his brethren, and gave them a possession in the land of Egypt, in the best of the land, in the land of Rameses, as Pharaoh had commanded. And Joseph nourished his father, and his brethren, and all his father's household, with bread, according to their families. (Genesis 47:11-12)

And Jacob lived in the land of Egypt seventeen years: so the whole age of Jacob was an hundred forty and seven years. (Gene 47:28)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Family Reunion! (Genesis 41-47)

Jacob blesses Ephraim and Menasseh..

And he [Jacob] blessed Joseph, and said, God, before whom my fathers Abraham and Isaac did walk, the God which fed me all my life long unto this day, The Angel which redeemed me from all evil, bless the lads; and let my name be named on them, and the name of my fathers Abraham and Isaac; and let them grow into a multitude in the midst of the earth. (Genesis 4815-16)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And when Jacob had made an end of commanding his sons, he gathered up his feet into the bed, and yielded up the ghost, and was gathered unto his people. (Genesis 49:33)

And when Joseph's brethren saw that their father was dead, they said, Joseph will peradventure hate us, and will certainly requite us all the evil which we did unto him. (Genesis 50:35)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And they sent a messenger unto Joseph, saying, Thy father did command before he died, saying, So shall ye say unto Joseph, Forgive, I pray thee now, the trespass of thy brethren, and their sin; for they did unto thee evil: and now, we pray thee, forgive the trespass of the servants of the God of thy father. And Joseph wept when they spake unto him. (Genesis 50:16-17)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Jacob Dies – Joseph's Brothers Worry

And his brethren also went and fell down before his face; and they said, Behold, we be thy servants. And Joseph said unto them, Fear not: for am I in the place of God? But as for you, ye thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. (Genesis 50:85-20)

Then said Jesus, Father, forgive them; for they know not what they do. And they parted his raiment, and cast lots. $({\rm Luke}_{23;34})$

Joseph Dies in Egypt

And Joseph said unto his brethren, I die: and God will surely visit you, and bring you out of this land unto the land which he sware to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob. And Joseph took an oath of the children of Israel, saying, God will surely visit you, and ye shall carry up my bones from hence. So Joseph died, being an hundred and ten years old: and they embalmed him, and he was put in a coffin in Egypt. (Genesis 50:24-26)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ

Many commentators avoid concluding that Joseph is a "type" of Christ

There is no such association made in the N.T.

There is no one in Scripture who is more like Christ in his person and experiences than Joseph. Yet nowhere in the New Testament is Joseph given to us as a type of Christ. However, the parallel cannot be accidental.* ¹ Verson McGee, Thru the Bible Vol. 4 147-148.

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Some Parallels

- Miraculous birth, albeit not a "virgin" birth
- Announced he would *rule* over his brothers
- Ridiculed for his message
- Sent by his father to his brothers
- Obeyed his father
- Hated by his brothers without cause
- Betrayed by his brothers

Some Parallels

- Sold for the going price of a slave (20 pieces of silver in Joseph's case; 30 pieces in Jesus')
- His brothers plotted to kill him
- Cast into a pit (grave) and raised up again
- Tempted but did not sin
- Had no sin attributed to him
- Joseph was "savior of the world" during the famine

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Some Parallels

- Was numbered with the transgressors
- Rejected by his brethren but accepted by Gentiles Became ruler over Egypt (second only to Pharaoh)
- Forgave his brothers
- Saved his family
- Brought his family to a better place

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología

On trial by the Sanhedrin, Stephen appeals to Jewish history as recorded in Scripture

Beginning with Abraham, Stephen recites their history to the current time following the crucifixion and resurrection of Jesus Christ

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

He also places special emphasis on two major characters in Israel's history:

Joseph and Moses (Acts 7:9-39)

Probablyno one would argue that Moses is a "type" of Christ

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología - Acts 7

Moses said: "The LORD thy God will raise up unto thee a Prophet from the midst of thee, of thy brethren, like unto me; I will raise them up a Prophet from among their brethren, like unto thee, and will put my words in his mouth; and he shall speak unto them at that shall commuted bit? "(Dutagenegage 20:0)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

For Moses truly said unto the fathers, A prophet shall the Lord your God raise up unto you of your brethren, like unto me; him shall ye hear in all things whatsoever he shall say unto you. (Acts 3:22)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

It could be argued that nowhere does the New Testament speak of Moses a "type" of Christ

Contrasts and comparisons are made, but

Nothing directly stating that Moses is a "type" of Christ

Most found in John's Gospel

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

For the law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ $({\sf John\, uar})$

And as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of man be lifted up (John 3:14)

Then Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Moses gave you not that bread from heaven; but my Father giveth you the true bread from heaven (John 6.32)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Excellent comparisons between Moses and Jesus

Not irrefutable proof for typology

Along with allegorical comparisons from Moses' life in the O.T., they make a good case for Moses as a "type" of Christ

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen compares Joseph and Moses to Christ

Both "saviors" are unrecognized on the first meeting

In the case of [oseph: "But when Jacob heard that there was corn in Egypt, he sent out our fathers first" (Acts 7:12)

In the case of Moses: "And when he was full forty years old, it came into his heart to visit his brethren the children of Israel" (Acts 7:23)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen compares Joseph and Moses to Christ

Both "saviors" are unrecognized until their second meeting

In the case of **Joseph**: "And at the second time Joseph was made known to his brethren; and Joseph's kindred was made known unto Pharaoh" (Acts₇₃₃)

In the case of Moses: "This Moses whom they refused ... the same did God send to be a ruler and a deliverer ... " (Acts₇₇₅)

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología - Acts 7

If A || B, and B || C, then A || C

A = Joseph, B = Moses, and C = Christ

If Joseph || Moses, and Moses || to Christ, then Joseph || Christ

Stephen draws a parallel between Joseph and Moses

Christ in the Life of Joseph

Joseph as a "Type" of Christ – An Argument For...

Deacon Stephen's Apología – Acts 7

Stephen draws a parallel between Joseph and Moses

He parallels both to Christ

If Moses serves as a "type" of Christ, then Joseph also serves

However, even if the argument for typology is rejected, Joseph's life strongly parallels and reflects the image of Christ







The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a lawgiver from between his feet, until Shiloh come; and unto him shall the gathering of the people be. (Gen 4920)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

And Jacob called unto his sons, and said, Gather yourselves together, that I may tell you that which shall befall you in the last days. Gather yourselves together, and hear, ye sons of Jacob; and hearken unto Israel your father. (Genesis 49:1-2)

"the last days" - more of a prophecy about each son, or tribe, than it was a blessing

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

Judah, thou art he whom thy brethren shall praise: thy hand shall be in the neck of thine enemies; thy fathers children shall bow down before thee. Judah is a lion's whelp : from the prey, my son, thou art gone up: he stooped down, he couched as a lion, and as an old lion; who shall rouse him up? (Genesis 49.8-9)

Ultimately, this prophecy, although it names Judah, applies to Jesus

The Scepter and Judah

His brethren, the Jews, i.e., Israel, will bow and praise Him

That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; And that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father. (Philippians 2:10-11)

The Scepter and Judah

Judah is a lion's whelp emphasizes vigor and nobility, successful in vanquishing his prey

And one of the elders saith unto me, Weep not: behold, the Lion of the tribe of Juda, the Root of David, hath prevailed to open the book, and to loose the seven seals thereof. (Revelation 5:5)

His brethren, the Jews, i.e., Israel, will bow and praise Him

That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; And that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father. (Philippians 2:10-11)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a lawgiver from between his feet, mill Shiloh come; and unto him shall the gathering of the people be. Binding his foal unto the vine, and his ass's colt unto the choice vine; he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes: His eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk. (Genesis 49:00-12)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"The sceptre" - *shêbet* - to *branch* off, a *scion*; the symbol of kingship

A "scion" can be a descendant or a shoot or twig

And there shall come forth a rod **out of the stem of** Jesse, and a Branch shall grow out of his roots: (Isaiah II:1)

Lesson 13: Christ the Scepter of Judah

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"The sceptre" - shêbet - to branch off, a scion; the symbol of kingship

Behold, the days come, saith the LORD, that I will raise unto David a righteous Branch, and a King shall reign and prosper, and shall execute judgment and justice in the earth. (Jeremiah ²³⁵⁾

The scepter is permanently assigned to Judah and will ultimately have its fulfillment in the millennial reign o Christ

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"until Shiloh come" - *shiylôh* - he whose it is, that which belongs to him

Judah's preeminence will continue until "Shiloh" comes

"Shiloh" is understood to speak of the messianic reign of Christ

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"Binding his foal unto the vine, and his ass's colt unto the choice vine"

According to the rabbis, who also take this verse to be messianic, the Messiah will be recognized as riding on an ass.*

Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion; shout, O daughter of Jerusalem: behold, having salvation;

Lesson 13: Christ the Scepter of Judah

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes" $% \mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{s}}^{\mathrm{d}}$

I have modelen the winemens alone; and of the people there was none with me: for I will tread them in mine anger, and trample them in my fury; and their blood shall be sprinkled upon my garments, and I will stain all my raiment. For the day of vengeance is in mine heart, and the year of my redeemed is come... And I will tread down the people in mine anger, and make them drunk in my fury, and I will bring down their strength to the earth. (Isaiah 633:4.6)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"he washed his garments in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes"

And another angel came out from the altar, which had power over fire; and cried with a loud cry to him that had the sharp sickle, saying, Thrust in thy sharp sickle, and gather the clusters of the vine of the earth; for her grapes are fully ripe. And the angel thrust in his sickle into the earth, and gathered the vine of the earth, and cast it into the great winepress of the wrath of God. And the winepress was trodden without the city, and blood came out of the winepress, even unto the horse bridles, by the space of a thousand and six hundred furlongs. (Revelation 1438-20)

The Scepter and Judah

Jacob Gives His Final Blessing

"His eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk"

Probably a better rendering would be "red **as** wine and his teeth white **as** milk."

The "emphasis is on abundance, not only the abundance of grapes but also the abundance of milk, dairy products."*

The blessing of Judah in Genesis 49:8-12 undeniably presents the image of Christ and points to His ultimate reign on earth

The blessing and the promise to Judah is that Messiah will come through his line

And the seventh angel sounded; and there were great voices in heaven, saying, The kingdoms of this world